جوردان تايمز يُوميَّهُ سياسيَّةٍ يُصِّيرُ بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصَّحفية الاردنية ،الراي،

ROME (R) - Polisario guerrillas fighting for the independence of the Western Sahara Sunday announced fresh peace talks with King Hassan of Morocco and said they would free 200 Moroccan prisoners as a goodwid gesture. Ahmad Bukhari, the Polisario Front's European representative, said the prisoner release would take place June 17 under the auspices of the International Red Cross and the Italian Red Cross. He told Renters in international Red Cross and the Italian Red Cross, He told Renters in Rome that a high-level delegation would meet King Hassan in Morocco for a second round of direct peace talks before June 22. He would not specify the date or venue. The Polisario Front's secretary-general, Mohammad Abdul Aziz, will also meet United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar June 22 on Polisario-held territory. Bukhari said. Polisario guerrillas have been fighting Moroco since 1976 for independence of the Western Sahara, a former Spanish colony rich in phosphates. Both sides met in Marrakesh for a first round of moroc talks in January. They have met in Marrakesh for a first round of peace talks in January. They have agreed in principle to resolve their conflict through a U.N.-sponsored referendum but differ on how it should be organised in the territory.

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# Warrant, arrest spark collision course with U.S., Britain

# Peking pursues full-fledged purge

PEKING (Agencies) — China courted the wrath of Washington and London Sunday by ordering the arrest of a U.S.-protected dissident and detaining a Hong Kong student activist with a British travel document amid a continuing crackdown on pro-democracy

As the round-up of pro-democracy militants gathered pace around the country, police issued an arrest warrant in Peking for dissident astrophysicist Fang Lizhi and his wife Li Shuxian, who have sought refuge in the U.S. embassy.

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The warrant said Fang, 52, and Li committed "crimes of counterrevolutionary propagands and instigation" before and during the student-led protests crushed last

Hundreds of people, perhaps thousands, were killed when martial law troops quashed a studentled occupation of Peking's Tiananmen Square.

In China, the charge of counter-revolutionary activity is tantamount to treason. A previous democracy campaigner, Xu Wenli, was sentenced in 1982 to 15 years in jail on counter-revolu-

The U.S. State Department in Washington said the U.S. authorities would not normally hand

over a dissident in danger of being killed.
"Whenever we have a person we feel is in imminent danger of death, we would give them shelter in the embassy." a spokes-

woman said. An Asian diplomat in Peking commented: "If the Chinese are foolish enough to try and use force to bring Fang and his wife out, then it would be disastrous for relations with the U.S."

In Shanghai, British officials sought clarification of the arrest of a Hong Kong student activist who was detained as he was about to board a flight for the British

Shanghai Radio said Yao Yongzhan, who was accompanied to the airport by British consular staff, was leader of the banned "autonomous union of Shanghai college students."

A Chinese Foreign Ministry

regulations. Shanghai authorities said earlier they had arrested the leader of a "counter-revolutionary clicalled the China Youth Democratic Party, Weng Zheng-

ming, and Yao.
They said Yao was arrested at the Shanghai airport as he tried to board a Hong Kong-bound plane and was "in the company of personnel of the consulate of a certain country." They did not identify the country. Shanghai Radio said Yao was carrying un-identified "restricted articles."

Television news broadcasts showed dozens of other people being arrested and questioned by police at gunpoint in various cities. Many looked as if they had been bearen, and the face of one man, identified as a leader in an independent labour union, was swollen so badly he could barely open his eyes.

The government has announced the arrest of only one Peking student leader, Gua Haifeng, the secretary of an independent student group that organised marches and a hunger strike hy tens of thousands of college students. Other Peking student leaders were in hiding.

A heavy troop presence in Peking and an intense propaganda campaign already had ended the nationwide came as the government intensified its hunt for alleged ringleaders and

The U.S. television network ABC quoted Chinese sources as saying police arrested another leading dissident. Ren Wanding, and confiscated copies of essays he had written criticising the government.

It said the sources reported six plainctothes police went to Ren's home Saturday night and told him. problems." Ren. 44, an accountant, was jailed from 1979 to 1983 for helping lead an earlier pro-democracy movement and began distributing essays to foreign reporters tate last year calling for democratic reforms.

Peking Communist Party chief Li Ciming reportedly named him as an instigator of the student movement in a report to the central government May 19, and Ren had told foreign reporters he feared arrest.

Official media issued chilling warnings to pro-democracy activists to disband their organisations and rally behind the rule of a \$4-year-old paramount leader Deng Xiaoping.
The People's Daily, Communist
Party mouthpiece, Javished praise on

Deng as the saviour of the party and Fang, China's best known dissident,

was likely to fuel a crisis between China's hardline leadership and

The Bush administration tast week blocked mittary sales to Peking in protest at the bloody suppression of the pro-democracy movement.

Resident look for relatives among the dead after the June 3 army assault in Peking

# Bad weather cited for Khairallah air crash

BAGHDAD (Agencies) - Bad weather caused a helicopter crash in which Iraqi Defence Minister General Adnan Khairallah was killed last month, an official report said

The report, published in Iraqi newspapers, said Khairallah's belicopter was "in an unusual position because of bad weather associated with sandstorms and bad visibility"

It said the 49-year-old minister was first pilot aboard the U.S.-made Bell helicopter, flying to Baghdad from northern Iraq.

The report ruled out an explosion or technical problem with the aircraft and said that the crew told ground controllers before the accident that the belicopter was landing because of bad weather.

Khairallah was a brother-inlaw and cousin of President Saddam Hussein. He was replaced as defence minister by General Abdul Jabbar Shanshal, formerly minister of state for military affairs.

An air force co-pilot and five other people, including three bodyguards, were also on the aircraft when it crashed. The report said the helicop-

ter went down near the village of Kweir, near the main Mosul-Kerkuk road, in an uncultivated area inhabited by bedomin tribes. The report said the Meteoro-

logical Department at the Firnass air base had warned of possible sandstorms and bad visibility in the northern areas of Iraq.

Radio recordings indicated it took off at 3:35 p.m. (1135)

GMT) but then made an emergency landing near the Kweir area because of bad weather. It took off again to return to

Mosul but the pilot radioed he was going to make another emergency landing in the Kweir area as the weather deteriorated. The helicopter crashed nt

5:35 p.m. (1335 GMT) nt high speed after losing radio contact, and spread wreckage nver a wide area, the report said. The investigating committee

included representatives of the army transportation staff, the air force and air defence command, military intelligence and general security service, the Iraqi Intelligence agency and the military's technical depart-

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the investigators examined debris, as well as radar data, recordings of radio con-tacts between the chopper and the Firnass air base, and eyewitness reports.

# Israelis lift Gaza curfew; another Palestinian dies

(Agencies) — The Israeli army Sunday lifted one of the longest curlews imposed on 700,000 Gaza Strip residents in the 18-month Palestinian uprising, and a Palesti-nian teenager died of a gunshot wound suffered in a clash with Israeli soldiers. Some 650.000 Palestinians

were freed from a week of neartotal confinement to their homes but 55,000 in Jabalya refugee camp remained under curfew. Troops at the camp shot dead an eight-year-old boy Saturday and wounded a 15-year-old who died

Palestinians named the latest victim as Mohammad Lubbad. At least 514 Palestinians have died in the uprising.

Thousands of workers left Gaza for jobs in Israel for the first time since the curfew was imposed. Many carried new armyissued computerised permits aimed at sporting activists.

Palestinians reported clashes with troops in Ramallah near Jerusalem and elsewhere in the West Bank. In Tel Aviv's Jewish suburb of

Petah Tikva, about 100 people demonstrated against the planned opening of a terminal for Palestinian workers from Gaza and the

They accused Petah Tikva of

specific location where Jewish employers could pick them up and drop them off. The station was to be used

starring Sunday, but a town spokesman said it was delayed while town council members debated the controversial plan. Police have objected to the plan, challenging its legality.

Opponents described the holding area as racist and reminiscent South African apartheid. "We didn't believe they would

use it," said Shirley Eran, a member of the 21st year group than organised the demonstration. "It is shocking to think they would." Eight Israeli peace activisis who attended a meeting with

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) representatives in June 1987 were charged in an Israeli court Sunday with violating Israel's anti-"terror" law. The charge sheet said the eight

went to Hungary and mei PLO representatives. At the meening, they discussed political matters without authorisation and attended a festive banquet with the PLO members, it said. Hundreds of Israeli demons-

trated in five Israeli towns Saturday against what they called a mounting wave of anti-Arab racism among Jewish Israelis. Marchers in Taibe and Sakhnin

removed them. Israel television said. Arab legislators and heads of local councils addressed 500 peaceful protesters in Umm Al Fahm carrying signs denouncing

"It is a protest against the attacks and incitement against Arabs in Israel," legislator Abdul Wahab Darawshe told Reuters before the march. "Politicians, individuals, rab-

bis, they are trying to whip up panic in the Jewish public... we are against bringing more violence into the country.

The family of a Palestinian woman jailed since November appealed for her release, saying and anaemia and could die unless she received proper care.

"My daughter, my only daughter is fighting... death in Tel Mond prison. I entreat you to raise your voices along with mine. a voice choked with pain and uncertainty regarding my daughter's fate," said Siham Bishara Boullata, mother of 23-year-old Terry Boullaia.

Prison spokeswoman Shuli Meiri said a specialist had examined Boullata, who is awaiting trial, and would make a recommendation to the court but only a judge could decide to release her.

# Ghali, Israeli leaders review peace prospects

Egypuan minister visited Israel Sunday for the first time since the Palesiinian uprising erupted 18 months ago and assured the Zionisi state of Cairo's continued friendship.

'We agreed on many thiogs, we disagreed on some things, but we are sull good friends. We must continue to work together." Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros Ghali told reporters after meeting Vice-Premier Shimon Peres.

He embraced Peres warmly before beginning talks on Arab and Israeli proposals for the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. Peres said both sides felt a

comprehensive peace plan was needed for the Middle East. "Time is running out, and the sooner we reach an agreement. the better we shall serve our

people." Peres said. Israeli commentators said Ghali's 48-hour visit underlined Egypt's commitment to peace

with Israel, just two weeks after Cairo was readmitted to the Arab League following a 10-year sus-pension over its 1979 treaty with the Zionist state. Egyptian diplomats said Ghali

would try to convince Israeli leaders that last month's Casablanca Arab summit adopted moderate resolutions on the Arab-Israeli conflict that offered a basis for a comprehensive peace.

"Égypt bas shown berself as

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — An being part of the Arab World on one hand but leaving a strategy for peace on the other," Peres said of its summit performance. "I believe on that point of view it was clearly a strong and winning

> appreciate very much. Peres added: "While maybe io Casablanca there was not an overwhelming opening, I don't think the doors were closed and that all people of good will can continue and work together for an opening position.

> In a surprise move, Ghali held a brief, closed-door meeting with Faisal Husseioi, a leading activist from Arab Jerusalem. Husseini said after the session

at King David Hotel that "the Egyptian position, I believe, supports the Palestinian position. He declined further comment.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir has called for elections in the West Bank and Gaza Strip to seiec: Palestinians to negouate

with Israel oo limited autonomy for the territories. The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and PLO leaders from the occupied territories, in-

cluding Husseini, have rejected the idea, saying it ignores Palestinian aspirations for an independent state. Egypt has been cool to the

Ghali was to meet a group of Palestinian leaders Monday before sitting down for talks with

for Shamir from Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak.

The last Egyptian cabinet minister 10 visit was Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid in Egyptian position which we July 1987. Ghali was greeted on his arriva

at Ben Gurion airport by Foreigr Minister Moshe Arens, who said he hoped to muster Egyptian support for the election proposal Ghali told reporters at the air port that "I will be seeing many people here in our efforts to bring about a lasting and compreheo sive peace to the region, a peace

we all need." Egyptian Ambassador Moham mad Bassiouny told the Jeru salem Post that Israel would have to provide more details of the proposed Palestinian elections to attract an Arab partner.

In a swipe at a recent speech b Shamir, Bassiouny said: "If you have declarations such as 'not oninch', you will surely oot find .

partner for your initiative." Shamir and his rivals in th right-wing Likud party agree-

Sunday they would debate th election plan July 2. Shamir's two main party rival:

Deputy Premier David Levy an Trade Minister Ariel Sharor oppose the initiative, backed b the United States, and war. Likud's 2,600-member ceotre committee to reject it.

Shamir has said he will resign the vote goes agaiost him.

# Both sides claim win in Kanak elections

NOUMEA (R) - Kanak separatists and white settlers in the troubled French South Pacific territory of New Caledonia both claimed victory Sunday in regional elections aimed at giving islanders a taste of independence.

The Kanak Socialist National Liberation Front (FLNKS) won control of two of three regional assemblies which come into being July 14, but the RPCR party, which wants New Caledonia to remain French, won a majority in the territorial overali.

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"The majority approves of our policies," said RPCR leader Jacques Lafleur after the official results were declared. The local Kanaks (Melanesians) who want independence. said the result was a triumph for late FLNKS leader Jean-Marie Tjibaou, murdered by tribesmen opposed to com-promise. "I think tonight Jean-Marie Tjibaou wnuld have been very happy," said succes-

French officials, who stepped up security in the archipelago of nickle-rich islands 20,000 kilometres from Paris after threats of disruptinn by the radical Kanak group Fulk, expressed relief as the polling booths closed without incident.

sor Francois Burck.

"It's a victory for democracy," said French High Commissinner Bernard Grasset, who will surrender his powers when the regional assemblies take over.

Tjibaon and right-hand man Yeiwene Yeiwene were shot dead in May by fellow Melanesians outraged at an agreement signed with Lafleur and French Prime Minister Michel Rocard

The accord sought in end years of inter-communal vio-lence which climaxed in a siege on the island of Ouvea last year in which 19 Kanaks and three gendarmes were killed.

The agreement provided for n year of direct Paris rule followed by the creation of three assembles with wide powers, But n decision to put off an independence referendam until 1998 infuriated Kanak hardliners.

# Two die, 10,000 faint at Khomeini graveside

NICOSIA (AP) - Two Iranians Saturday night, when crowds where Khomeini was buried died and more than 10,000 started converging on the site. amted in the incongs that Hocked to the grave of Ayatollah Ruhollab Khomeini Sunday to mark the week since his death with another

emotional outpouring. Some of Iran's most powerful leaders were among the more than one million mourners that overflowed from Behesht-e Zahra cemetery, including Khomeini's successor. Ayatoliah Ali Khamenei, and Parliament

Speaker Hashemi Rafsanjani. "Soon this site will become a shrine to attract the Muslims of the world," said Rafsanjani, breaking down in tears in an emotional speech. "This is a center which radiates heavenly

Iranian press reports, monitored in Nicosia, said one man died of a heart attack and another after he fell off one of the many cargo containers placed on the grounds for TV cameras. It said

News Agency (IRNA) said the mourners were so dense at the height of the midafternoon ceremony that one person fainted every second on average in temperatures around 36 Celsius (96 Fahrenheit).

It said the crowd was three kilometres across, with unprecedented traffic jams on the expressway leading to the cemetery. The sick were passed overhand to one of 23 mobile medical units

stationed around the site with

more than 1,000 doctors and medical workers on duty, IRNA reported. More serious injuries were rushed to nearby hospitals with one of 250 ambulances, IRNA reported. Eleven stations were

set up to handle lost children and personal effects. Tehran Television showed mourners pouring onto the site 15

Tuesday amid a frenzied outpouring of gnet ny mourners. The 86-year-old leader of

Iran's 1979 revolution died of a heart attack June 3, after undergoing surgery May 23 to stop internal bleeding. Buses and vans, decorated in

black cloth, transported mourners from Tehran and the theological centre of Qom, 130 kilometres away. A group of 2,500 mourners led by Iranian and foreign theologians set out from Oom on foot Friday night to attend the ceremony, IRNA said.

All city buses were commandeered for the ceremony, but there were not enough to carry everyone who wanted to go to the cemetery, the agency said.

The cargo containers place over Khomeini's grave to keep the crowds from carrying off the dirt were transformed overnight into an Islamic shrine complete

# the deaths had occurred since kilometres south of Tehran, with a gold dome. Younger ministers take charge of economy in Soviet shake-up

ing ministerial shake-up announced by Prime Minister Nikolai Ryzhkov has produced a consumer goods.

leaner, vounger and better qual
Economist Nikolai Shmelyov leaner, younger and better qualified team to try to put right the coontry's faltering economy.

Ryzhkov, in an address Satur-

day to the Supreme Soviet, the upper chamber of the Soviet parhament, announced huge cuts in government hureaucracy. Twenty of 52 ministries in the industrial, transport and farming sectors are to be abolished ont-

ernment officials appointed in 1984 remain in office. He also unveiled a new line-up of his closest assistants - 13 first deputy and deputy prime ministers — to he submitted for parliamentary approval later this mooth. Most are younger and

more qualified than their prede-

right. Only 10 of 100 senior gov-

Among those promoted was Leonid Abalkin, one of the country's leading economic reformists. while Finance Minister Boris Gostev was dropped. Speakers during the parliament's inaugural session de-

nounced the government's econo-

mic policies, warning that quick

MOSCOW (R) - A wide-rang- action was needed to curb the huge budget deficit and do away with growing shortages of staple

> was unaware of the acuteness of the problem. He also said official estimates of the budget deficit -100 billion roubles (\$156 billion) - was 20 per cent below the real Ryzhkov acknowledged the criticisms were "correct and justi-

> suggested last week that Ryzhkov

would respond to them. The new ministries, he said, would operate on a new basis of minimum interference in production "We are talking about a com-

pletely new type of ministry, qualitatively different from what existed before," he said. "They will be stripped of many production functions with one exception - to work actively to promote a climate allowing for

the full potential of basic production units." Among the changes were con-solidation of 11 machine building industries into four and the merging of seven construction bodies

energy would disappear along with two in the defence sector. Although most of the ministerial team was not made public, Ryzhkov said the average age of ministers had dropped to 55. Six were outstanding academics, 23 had a well-grounded scientific background and 37 were mana-

gers with a proven record. Abalkin was named deputy rime minister by Ryzhkov, has been a key adviser to President Mikhail Gorbachev, particularly on doing away with the country's

budget deficit. Head of the Moscow Institute for the Economy, he earned national attention last summer for his critical assessment of Gorbachev's reforms at a communist party conference.

First deputy prime ministers named by Ryzhkov included Lev Voronin, put in charge of "general questions," and agriculture ex-pert Vladimir Kalashnikov, responsible for the key area of food supplies.

The third was Yuri Maslyukov, a member of the Communist Party's ruling politburo, who retained his position as first deputy prime minister despite recent into two. Three ministries in attacks on him for set backs.

financial fund. The letter was accom-

panied by the usual memorandum on

economic policy designed to sustain

ession will be held in Tokyo for the

Philippine Aid Programme, also

known as the multilateral aid initia-

tive designed to hasten Philippine

economic recovery.

While the Philippines takes rightful

pride in its economic and political achievements since Fehruary 1986, the road ahead is still full of difficul-

ties. Foremost amongst these are the Communist insurgency and a Muslim

ence day message, "even as we have won our freedom and weathered cri-

sis after crisis, our times do not offer

easy solutions nor comfort... For ev-

ery freedom there is a corresponding

responsibility. We have survived be-

fore, we shall now strive to carve a

new national destiny for our people."

In this springtime of Philippine

democracy, we thank our Jordanian friends for their good wishes. Rela-tions between the Philippines and

Jordan are very cordial and friendly

based on mutual respect and good-

will. We particularly support the efforts of His Majesty King Hussein

for the convening of an international

peace conference under the United Nations auspices, with the participa-

tion of the live permanent members

of the Security Council and all parties

to the conflict, including the Palestine

Liberation Organisation,

THE

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FITNESS, SOUASH)

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As Aquino said in her independ-

separalisi movement.

## Philippines observes independence day

By Juan V. Saez Philippine ambassador to Jordan

THE PHILIPPINES observes the 91st anniversary of its independence today (Monday, June 12) huoyed up by an impressive economic and poli-tical performance.

The Philippines declared its independence from Spain on June 12, 1898, after almost 400 years of Spanish colonisation, thus becoming the first republic in Asia. However, this republic was short-lived. The Philippines became a colony of the United States in the same year as an aftermath of the Spanish-American war. During the Second World War Japan occupied the Philippines for about four years. It was granted independ-ence by the United States on July 4. 1946. But as far as the Philippines is concerned it reckons its independence from June 12, 1898.

This is the fourth time that the Philippines is observing its independence day anniversary since the bloodless people-power revolution of February 1986 toppled the Marcos dictatorship and brought into power

President Corazon C. Aquino. Since 1986, the Philippines has restored all its democratic institutions. It has adopted a new constitution and elected a new congress and local government officials down to the village level. It now has a free

Philippine economic performance during the last few years has been better than other heavily-indebted countries. Its GNP growth rate of 6.7 per cent last year was the highest amongst all of them. Its inflation rate of 8.8 per cent in the same year was considerably lower.

Its ratio of outstanding debt to GNP compared favourably with those of many other indebted countries, while its interest service, computed as the ratio of interest payments to export of goods, at 18.7 per cent, was significantly lower.

Recently the Philippines submined a letter of intent with the International Monetary Fund for \$900 million extended facility fund and \$400 mil-



RAMLA (R) - Israel charged eight peace activists Sunday with breaking a ban on contacts with what it says are "terrorist" groups by meeting senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials in Hungary two years ago. The eight were among 22 Israeli leftists who met leading officials of the PLO in Budapest including Mahmoud Abbas, a PLO executive member. Their trial in Ramla magistrates court begins July 10.

#### Egyptian police seal off U.S. embassy

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian explosive experts took away a suspicious object found in the grounds of the U.S. embassy in Cairo Sunday, an embassy spokeswoman said. "Something has been found inside the perimeter wall," said an embassy spokeswoman. "But it wasn't a bomb and the Egyptians took whatever it was away with them."

An eyewitness told Reuters that police shut roads around the embassy complex in the fashionable Garden City suburb for about 90 minutes, and that bomb disposal experts removed what appeared to be two oblong white batteries.

#### Ethiopla seeks better GCC ties

NICOSIA (R) — Ethiopia is trying to improve links with Arab Gulf states, several of which back rebels fighting for independence in the Red Sea province of Eritrea. The United Arab Emirates

#### 6 Pakistanis face death by stoning

KHAIRPUR, Pakistan (AP) — Six people were sentenced to death by stoning Saturday after a court found a couple guilty of adultery and four of their friends guilty of aiding them in the crime. Judge Mirza Saeed Beg invoked the "Hadoud Ordinance" enacted in 1979 by former President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq. It was the first such ruling since Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto came to power in December. Bhutto has pledged to press for repeal of the Islamic law. Beg's court convicted Ghulam Qadir Sher and Noor Khatoon of marrying illegally because Khatoon failed to secure a proper divorce from ber previous husband, Shaikh Anver Ali Sher. The court found four of Qadir Sher's friends guilty as accomplices. They helped arrange his marriage with Khatoon. No date was set for the executions.

# MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

#### Israeli peace campaigners indicted

news agency WAM Sunday quoted Ethiopian Vice-President Yusuf Ahmad as saying in an interview with the Dubai-based Al Bayan newspaper that Addis Ababa was trying to clear burdles to better relations. "We and the Arabs are brothers since the dawn of history... and if there was a misunderstanding with some Arah countries over the Eritrean problem, we are trying to remove it

# **Dubai police probe** Iranian assassination

DUBAI (AP) - Pohce are investigating the murder of a dissident Iranian colonel shot dead in his hotel room, informed sources

They said retired Colonel' Ata'ollah Bayahmadi, 52, was murdered in his room at Dubai's Excelsior Hotel last week while on a transit trip from Europe.

The sources said the victim's first name was Ata'ollah, and had no religious rank. An Iranian dissident earlier was quoted as mistakenly identifying the assassinated Iranian as Ayatollah Bayahmadi, leading to the belief the man was an army officer turned clergyman.

A group of men barged into his room in the botel and shot him several times with a Colt revolver

fresh. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with northerly moderate winds and

equipped with a silencer, said the sources, who spoke on condition they not be named.

The Excelsior is a moderately priced hotel in the downtown of this southern Gulf transportation

Police are trying to determine whether the murder was politically motivated, since the men who fired the shots were said to be Iranians, said the sources.

The assassination was first reported by a Paris-hased Iranian opposition figure identified as Dr. Manucher Ghanji to a Kuwaiti newspaper.

Ghanji told the Kuwaiti English-language paper Arab Times that Bayahmadi was head of the counter-espionage service in the Iranian army under the late Shah. | Saudi Arabia "with all its require-

ments of French military industries."

Prince Sultan said the Mistral deal had been under study for three years. A group of Saudi officers had been working with their French colleagues during the development of the surfaceto-air missile system and had been closely hriefed on its usage

used crude oil exports in partmarks the first time petrochemical and agricultural produce have featured in harter deals.

France and Britain have be-

Saudi Arabia in recent years, following efforts by the pro-Israeli lobby in the U.S. Congress to block sales of sophisticated

France in the early 1980's won a \$4-hillion deal to supply Saudi Arabia with the Crotale surfacehine defence system.

"naval support agreement" with Saudi Arahia, worth more than \$3 billion. It involved the supply of four frigates, 24 Dauphin heli-copters and two Atlantique-11 marine patrol aircraft for the Saudi armed forces.

of suhmarines.

But it has found difficulties in dom has postponed that purchase reaching Western European mar- for the moment in favour of buying more surface vessels, according to informed sources speaking on condition of anony-

were censuring me for fighting with the Iranians against the Ira-qis," said Riyad Khider Wali, 38. a former rebel leader who returned after a government amnesty last year.

Wali, who formerly headed the information department of the rebel Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, said he left the movement when its leaders decided to stay in

"Antonomy here might be insufficient, but at least there are some rights which could be further improved," said Wali, who studied journalism at Baghdad University. Like other political returnees he works for the government in Arbil.

There are around 20 million Kurds in Iraq, Iran, Turkey, yria and the southwestern Soviet Union.

Reuter adds: Iran's new supreme leader Ali Khamenei has pledged to support Iraqi Kurds fighting the Baghdad government, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported Saturday.

They pointed out that the Kur-Khamenei made the remarks to a delegation of Iraqi Kurds in Tehran for the funeral of Ayatoldish language is taught at-schools in the three Kurdish provinces lah Ruhollah Khomeini, who died last Saturday, IRNA added. and that there is a university and a Kurdish legislature. The Kurds

"President Khamenei stressed support of the Islamic republic of Iran for the Iraqi Muslim Kurds," the agency said.

# S. Arabia buys French arms

as no peace treaty is signed, should we let our border be

open to every infiltrator?" said

Mohammad Amin Ahmad,

secretary general for culture and

youth in the autonomous region.

Saturday that Iraqi troops have

razed two towns and five villages

in the mountainous nortbeast

forcing 19,000 people to evacuate

300,000 Kurds are being moved

to other areas as part of a cam-

paign to end the separatist move-

ment and change the region's

and Iran have been battling for

decades for an independent Kur-

distan in the rugged mountains

where the three countries' bor-

where rebels felt free to move

and act for years. You cannot

control them unless you put them

under your constant supervi-

sion," said a Western diplomat,

speaking on condition of anony-

Diplomats say Iraq has made

'This is a huge rugged area

Kurdish rebels in Iraq, Turkey

democratic character.

The rebels claim that around

the area.

ders meet.

Kurdisb rebel officials claimed

ARBIL, Iraq (AP) — A senior Iraqi official has

strongly denied claims by Kurdish opposition groups

that the government is forcibly resettling Kurds

outside their traditional mountain homeland in an

effort to quell their separatist movement.

Ahmad Abdul Qader Al Na-qshabandi, a Kurdish official heading the legislative council of

the autonomous Kurdish region

in northern Iraq told the Associ-

ated Press in an interview that

"not a single Kurd" would be

Naqshahandi, based in the

autonomous region's capital of Arbil, called the rebel claims

"pure fahrications... the product

He said Kurdish villagers were

being relocated as part of a gov-

ernment project to develop the

area after "long years of back-

tisan - only a communal prog-

ramme aiming at uplifting econo-

mic and social standards for the

villagers," Al Naqsbabandi said.

Iraqi officials say the programme will group villagers in larges-

cale housing developments along

the border with Iran and Turkey,

but far from a security zone the

government is carving out in an

effort to halt cross-border attacks

are still at war with Iran... so long

This is a border area and we

"It's non-polinical and non-par-

deported from the area.

of a fertile imagination.

wardness."

by rebels.

NICOSIA (R) — Saudi Arabia has signed a deal to buy the French Mistral air defence system, the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said Saturday.

It quoted Defence Minister

Prince Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz as saying that he had also signed a general accord with French Defence Minister Jean-Pierre Chevenement on buying Frenchmade military equipment.

"Payment for this will be made in the normal way as well as with industrialised Saudi products such as petrochemicals and agricultural products," he was quoted as telling Saudi journalists in

The agency, monitored in Cyprus, gave no figures for the deals. Earlier this week Prince Sultan had played down reports that deals worth 18 hillion francs (\$2.7 billion) would be signed during his four-day visit, part of a Euro-

pean tour. The Saudi Agency quoted him as saying that under one accord France had agreed to supply

Iraq denies political reasons

behind Kurdish resettlement

major concessions to its Kurdisb

population in the past, including

granting unprecedented auton-

omy in the Kurdish region. Kur-

dish leaders, bowever, accuse

Baghdad of reneging on its prom-

The rebels sided with Iran in

the Gulf war and helped pin

down thousands of Iraqi troops in

the north, who were badly needed in the main battlegrounds

Ahmad hlamed the separatists

for the backwardness of Iraq's

Kurdish region, saying "the insta-

bility they created in the area since 1961 was the main hindr-

ance for progress of our people."

He said the government has

allocated large sums for recon-struction and the development

The officials said that, Iraq's 3.5

million Kurds, who make np one-

quarter of the population, are

much better off than Kurds in

Iran or Turkey, where the rights of the ethnic minority are not

also contribute four ministers to

the government and one Iraqi

"When I was in Iran, Kurds

vice president is a Kurd.

since the ceasefire.

recognised.

of the south.

and potential. Although Saudi Arabia has

payment for arms purchases in the past, the deal with France Saudi Arahia, the world's

largest oil exporter, has developed its petrochemical and agricultural sectors in recent years in an attempt to break away from dependence on oil re-

kets because of European Community tariffs.

come major arms suppliers to mity.

American weaponry to the kingdom.

to-air missile defense system, known to the Saudis as the Sha-

In 1986, France concluded a

France also has been men-tioned as a likely contender for Saudi Arabia's first ever purchase

But it now appears the king-

# Maghreb states set up common parliament

ALGIERS (R) — Five Maghreb states formed a joint parliament Saturday as part of plans for a common market stretching from 💢 😕 the Atlantic to the Eastern Mediterranean.

The five - Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia - founded the Arab Maghreb Union in February to promote political and economic integration and meet the challenge of the single market due to be set up hy the European Community in The union's charter called for

the establishment of a 50-member consultative assembly composed of 10 parliamentarians from each

### WANTED

An international group of companies dealing in computers and its related equipments seeks for its Gulf operation the following personnel:

 JOB DESCRIPTION: Regional sales promotion (based in Abu Dhabi)

- EDUCATION: BS computer or equivalent.

**EXPERIENCE:** 5 to 7 years in IBM companies LANGUAGES: Arabic and a perfect English is a

The benefits offered are an appropriate basic salary, yearly sales commission, housing accommodation, yearly ticket and 30 days vacation, medical and life insurance.

Please mail your C.V. + photo to Mrs. Khoukaz, P.O. Box 7899, Abu Dhabi - UAE.

Al Sharaa' pharma

# Rebels claim ambush near Kabul

claimed Sunday they killed an Afghan army colonel and nine soldiers in an ambush on the key road linking Kahul, the capital, with Afghanistan's besieged eastern city of Jalalabad. The guerrillas also denied a

report by the Communist government that rebel commanders have contacted Kabul officials to arrange a truce.

Muiahedeen insurgents ambushed three government convoys last Wednesday and Thursday along a 70-kilometre stretch of contested road west of Jalalabad, according to the rehel Afghan News Agency (ANA).

Il quoted a radio report saying colonel and nine soldiers were killed, 27 were wounded and one officer deserted to the Mujahe-

guns were destroyed, the report Qaribur Rehman Saeed, head

Ten vehicles and two heavy

of the news agency, said he had

ISLAMABAD (AP) - Rebels not received the colonel's identity. There was no independent confirmation. Mujahedeen, supplied mainly

hy Pakistan and the United States, have besieged Jalalabad sice March 6, three weeks after Soviet troops ended nearly a decade of involvement in the civil The guerrillas have rendered

the communist held airport nnsafe for fixed wing aircraft but entrenched government forces have resupplied by helicopter. A few armoured convoys bave fought their way through from

the west with losses of men and ANA bas reported 51 communist soldiers killed and 54 wounded in fighting around

Afghanistan since Wednesday

It said guerrillas rocketed the military airport at the southeast-ern city of Kandahar Wednesday and Thursday, killing six soldiers, wounding seven and destroying a Soviet-built Antonov-12 trans-

Two of the most powerful Muahedeen parties, the Jamiat-i-Islami of Burhanuddin Rathani and the Hezb-i-Islami of Gulbaddin Hekmatyar, both based in Pakistan, denied claims by the Kahul government that several guerrilla commanders had approached the communists for a

"The regime's claims that the Mujahedeen commanders have contacted them is based on fabrication and falsehood," they said in a joint statement.

They called it a ploy by Afghan President Najibullah to sow discord among rebel groups.
"The writing on the wall is

clear — the pupper regime's days are numbered," the statement

Mujahedeen predicted the ruling People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA) would fall quickly after the Soviet troops

MARKET PRICES

16:00 19:25

### JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME ONE

	MINIE CINE
15:39	Koran
	Programme review
	Children programmes
18:00	News summary in Arabic
18:05	World News
18:20	World around us
	Local programme
	Programme review
29:00	News in Arabic
	Programme review
	Programme review Monday Forum
	Variety Show
23:09	News summary in Arabic
23:10	Voriety show [contd.]
PDOCD A	DIE TWO
	MME TWO
	Le Monde Est à Vous
	News in French
19:15	Weekly Sport magazine
19:30,	News in Hebrew
10-45	Variates

# PRAYER TIMES

83-50	
05:25	(Sunrise) L
12-25	DI
16-16	
10.46	
17:40	Magi

... News in English

#### --- --- ... .. ... ... ... ... ... 1sha CHURCHES

CHURCHES
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweife Tel. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, To
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590, Church of the Annunciation Te 637440.
De la Salle Church Tel 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel; 622366
Chorch of the Annunciation To 623541.
Auglican Church Tel. 625383, To 628543.
Armenian Colhulic Charch To 771331.
Armenion Orthodox Church Te 775261.
Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 77175 Amman International Church Tel. 85326.
Evangelical Uniberan Church To 811295
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latte Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264

### WEATHER

It will be rather cold and partly cloudy with scattered thundery showers in the northern and central regions and winds will be westerly moderale to

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Min/max, temp.	Khaliteh pharmacy 985417
Amman 12 / 24	
Aqaba 20 / 32	
Deserts 16 / 28	<b>EMERGENCIES</b>
Jordan Valley 19 / 32	MINER GENCIES
Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-	Civil Defence Department 661111
man 24. Aqaba 32. Humidity readings:	Civil Defence Immediate
Amman 52 per cent. Aqaba 24 per	Rescue 630341
ceni.	Civil Defence Emergency 199
	Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
USEFUL TELEPHONE	Fire Brigade 891228
NUMBERS	a lood Bank 775121
MUMBERS	Highway Police 843402
NIGHT DUTY	Frathe Police
MIGHT DOTT	Public Security Department 630321
AMMAN:	Hotel Complaints 605800
Dr. Mohammad Al Hourani 898552	Price Complaints 661176
Dr. Amie Abdul Jaber 614222	Water and Sewerage Complaints
Dr. Sami Al Khouri	Complaints 897467
Dr. Khaled Ma'adi	Amman Municipality Complaints787111
	Complaints 787111
Firas pharmacy	Telephone Information
Ferdows pharmacy 778336	(directory assistance)
Al Asema pharmacy 637055	Overseas Calis
Narroukh pharmacy	Central Amman Telephone
Al Salam pharmacy 636730	Repairs 623101
Yacoub pharmacy 644945	Repairs
Shracisani pharmacy 637660	Jordan Television 773111
	Radio Jordan
IRAJO:	Waler Authority 680100
Dr. Mahmoud Khalil (—)	Jordan Electricity Authority 815615
`.	

# HOSPITALS

AMMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32	
Khalidi Maternity, J. Azın 644281/6	
Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2	
Jabai Amman Maternity 642362	
Malhas, J. Amman	
Palestine. Shmeisani 664171/4	
Palestine. Shineisani 6041/1/4	
Shmeisani Hospital 609131	
University Hospital 845845	
Al-Muasher Hosmial 66727/9	
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37	
Al-Abli, Abdali 664164/6	
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3	
Al Sankin I Askersal 27511176	
Al-Rashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26	
Army, Marka 891611/15	
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50	
Amai Hospital 674155	
ZAROA:	
Zarga Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarga National Hospital (09)991071	
Zarda National Flospital (09)991071	
1bn Sina Hospital (09)986732	
IRBID:	
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555	
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)377775	
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100	
10 n Au (1800es russprist (02)24/100	
AQABA:	
Princess Haya Hospital [03)314111	

#### FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

# Sana's (RJ)

...... Caim (RJ) . New York, Vienna (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

18:15

### Kuwait (add.) | KU) ..... Sana'a (LH) .. Cairo (MS) Bahrain (GF) Kuwaii (KU) 13:25

DEPARTURES

Ter	minal 1)
98: <b>00</b> i i :40	
12:15	Montreal, New York (RJ)
12:38	Vicuna, Chicago, Los Angeles (RJ) Frankfurt, Copenhagen (RJ)
3:45	Cairo (RJ)
21:15	Baghdad (RJ)

21:20 21:30	Cairo (RJ Dhahran (RJ Dubai, Muscat (RJ
22:00 22:00	Abu Dhabi (R.) Bahrain, Doba (R.)
	hts (Terminai 2)
06:30	Cairo, London (BA Dubni (EK Kuwait (add.) (KI)
11:60	Dubai (EK Kromit tada \ 7817

te	Apple (golden) 70 Apricos 800	0 / ·	Kg 600
_	Ranges	71	70.
	Banana (Mukammar) 32 Beans (Mukammar) 32		
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J)			
χį	Carrots 14	N/.	40
7)	Cauliflower 24	יי	16. 100
CS	Cherry (red)	ĎŹ	600
13	Corp (green) 35	Ď/	300
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ห่ .	Dates 18	0/	120
J)	Femisine 50	974	400
J)	Garic 16	7/	120
Ŋ	Grapes (black) 45	"	320
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η.			
) 	Lettuce (per one)	"	낋
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	Okra 180	ij.	780
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Λ	Person (and )	1/3	40
ł).	Ozion (dry)         340           Pepper (hot)         9           Pepper (sweet)         400           Potato         200	// 3	60
	Potato 280	//2	20
າ :	Watermelen 130	١/.	90
	Tomatoes 230 Watermelon 13	γ,	30

#### NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

KING SENDS CABLES: His Majesty King Hussein Sunday sent a cable to Filipino President Corazon Aquino congratulating her on the Philippine Independence Day and wishing her continued good health and happiness and the people further progress and prosperity. Also Tuesday, the King sent a similar cable to Portuguese President Mario Soares congratulating him in his own name and ou behalf of Jordan's people and government on Portugal's National Day. The King wished Sources continued good health and happiness and the Portuguese people further progress and prosperity (Petra).

**EXHIBITIONS AT YARMOUK:** Yarmonk University President Mohammad Hamdan Sunday inaugurated a military drawings exhibi-tion, held in cooperation with the Armed Forces Morale Guidance Department, to mark Jordan's Army Day and the Great Arab Revolt Day. The three-day event includes 30 pictures of the late King Abdullah Ibo Al Hussein, the late King Talal Ibn Abdullah and His Majesty King Hussein. Handan also opened another photo exhibition on Germany, organised by the Fine Arts Department in cooperation with Goethe Institute (Petra).

CONFERENCE ON CIVIL DEFENCE: Jordan will take part in the second Arab Conference on Civil Defence which is due to open in Casablanca, Morocco, Monday. Civil Defence Department (CDD) Director General Khaled Tarawneh left for Morocco Sunday at the head of an official delegation to take part in the three-day conference and will submit a working paper on CDD work in Jordan and emergency services and rescue operations. In a pre-departure statement Tarawach noted that the delegates will discuss ways of handling the consequences of natural disasters, providing safety for civilians from the danger of pollution and dangerous chemicals and providing emergency aid in all forms in urban and rural areas (Petra).

### Jordanian-Indian trade seminar opens today

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordanian and 1988. Indian businessmen will open a two-day face to face talks Monday designed to promote trade and economic cooperation between their countries, explore areas for joint ventures and discuss import/export operations.

in's new ser-nenei bas per il Kurds ist government gency IRM

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Соппак

Their meeting, organised by the Amman Chamber of Industry, will be addressed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan who will outline Jordan's views for promoting bilateral cooperation in trade and the exchange of industrial and technological expertise, according to

the Jordan News Agency, Petra. Petra said that the 350 participants will be addressed also by the Amman Chamber of Industry Khaldoun Abn Hassan, Minister of Planning Ziyad Fariz, Indian Ambassador Gurcharan Singh, Finance Minister Basel Jardaneb and Central Bank Governor Mohammad Saeed Nabulsi, all of whom tackling areas that can be explored in the drive to promote Indian-Jordanian trade and economic cooperation.

According to Abu Hassan, the gathering will be the first Indian-Jordanian Investment Seminar that was paved for in talks by a Jordanian economic delegation which visited New Delhi in April

Nearly 120 Jordanian officials and businessmen who will attend the seminar, will discuss with their Indian colleagues such topics as Indian-Jordanian projects, using Jordanian primary materials, Indian industrial expertise in Jordanian industry and the balance of trade which is now in favour of Jordan among other important topics, Abu Hassan

The seminar, which was organised in cooperation with the Indian chambers of industry and commerce will be divided into three main meetings which will create five committees to discuss the numerous subjects on the agenda, Abu Hassan added.

India is the largest importer of Jordanian phosphate and related products, accounting for about \$110 millioo in 1988. Experts believe the Indian sub-continent with its vast agricultural sector, is capable of increasing its imports from Jordan, but has been holding out for reciprocal moves from the Kingdom in trade and ser-

The idea of a joint Jordanian-Indian investment seminar was mooted during a visit by Prince Hassan to India in 1987. ...

### Statistics seminar opens

week training seminar oo organising and managing censuses and improving the skill and performance of personnel conducting national censuses in West Asian countries.

The seminar, organised by the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) in cooperation with the Department of Statistics.
will discuss aspects of work in the
field of conducting census and means of conducting this task at the minimum possible cost so as to reduce financial burdens on regional governments.

Department of Statistics Director General Abdul Hadi Alawin addressed the opening session, referring to the importance of manpower and buman activities as one of the essential elements in statistical information that should be gathered by the oational departments of statistics.

"Statistics that are comprehensive and covering all aspects of

AMMAN (J.T.) - Delegates human activities are of significant from Jordan and eight other Arab importance for the planners and countries Sunday opened a three- economists in their drive to pursue the implementation of development programmes," Alawin

> Dr. Labib Abdul Nour from ESCWA said that the seminar was organised in response to a request by heads of national departments of statistics in the West Asia region to npdate the skill and performance of personnel employed in statistics-related

> The seminar, which is financed by the United Nations Fund for Population Activities, entails lectures on census work, planning programmes for census, the process of counting and registering residents and homes as well as analysing and assessing the re-sults of the census and the costs involved.

Delegates attending the seminar came from Jordan, Iraq. South Yemen, Sandi Arabia, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Bahrain

### WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### EXHIBITIONS

- An art exhibition by three North African artists at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation.
- An art exhibition by Ahmad Abu Othman at the Housing Bank
- \* An art exhibition by Jordanian and Arab artists at Al Wasiti Art Gallery.
- \* An art exhibition entitled "Tents and Stones" by Samin Al Zaru at Alia Art Gallery (Flying Carpet).
- \* An art exhibition entitled "Study in Line and Colour" by Dodi
- Taban at the Petra Bank Art Gallery.
- ★ A photography exhibition on Jordan by Francis Chaveron at the French Cultural Centre. A photo exhibition on Bertlot Brecht's life and famous theatre
- performances at the Goethe Institute. An exhibition entitled "Spotlight Germany" displaying works by eleven German photographers at the Yarmouk University.
- \* An exhibition of contemporary Japanese posters at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- AB exhibition of photographs on Arabic and orientalist architecture by Radolph Hammadi at the French Cultural Centre.
- ☆ An exhibition of children's paintings, educational facilities, ceramics and silkwork at Al Hareth Model Kindergarten. \* An exhibition of military drawings and photographs at the

Yarmouk University.

\* A German video entitled "Mutter Courage and thre Kinder" at the Goethe Institute - 8:00 p.m.



Unit celebrates Prince Hashem's birthday

der of the Jordanian Armed Forces Sunday called battalion. The King was accompanied by Prince at Prince Hashem Battalion and took part in the Hashem and Armed Forces Chief of Staff General

His Majesty King Hussein, the supreme comman-briefed him on the duties and activities of the hattalion's celebrations of His Royal Highness Fathi Abu Taleb. The battalion commander pre-Prince Hashem's birthday. Upon arrival, the King was received by the battalion commander, who birthday (Petra photo).

#### Princess Basma visits Irbid centres

IRBID (Petra) - Her Royal in Irbid. Both centres are run by Highness Princess Basma toured a number of charitable and voluntary societies in Irbid Governorate Sunday and inspected their

The princess who is the chairperson of the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund's board of trustees visited Al Hussein orphange, and Dar Al Hanan

the Ministry of Social Development.

Later Sunday the Princess opened a three-day exhibition at the Professional Associations Complex, displaying a variety of bandicrafts and embroideries by the charitable organisations in the irbid region. She also attended a ceremony for the graduation of Institute for the care of children trainees who completed dress-

making courses at the Young Women's Christian Association

Irbid Governorate bas 100 charitable organisations, many of which provide care for children. according to speakers at the gra-

The Princess distributed diplomas and awards to the 100 gradu-

airport services, supply, passen-

ger services, administrative and

personnel services, which will all

In a statement to Jordan News

Agency, Petra, Ghandour said

that such organisation "has been

warranted by the competitive na-

ture of work, which requires im-

proved performance and high

productivity through taking the

tion is designed to ensure high productivity as well as unique and

efficient service," Gbandour

said. "One of the most prominent

aspects of the new amendments

to the organisational structure is

the involvement of staff in the

decisioo making process.'

Therefore, the new organisa-

right decisions."

be linked with his office.

### New team to supervise RJ operations

Jordanian Executive Director and Chairman of the Board Ali Gbandour Sunday has formed a special committee to supervise the Royal Jordanian (RJ) operations and to develop long-term policies and future plans.

The supervisory committee, chaired by Ghandour, groups two elected members from the board, in addition to the Deputy Executive Director.

According to the new organisational and administrative structure, approved by Ghandour, the following departments will be linked with the Executive Direc-

AMMAN (Petra) — The Royal lations, legal affairs, supply and investments, internal audit and general safety, administrative monitoring and the Board's secretary general.

The new amendment to the RJ structure also provided for the appointment of Hussam Abu Ghazaleh as deputy executive director and assigned him the duties of short-term planning, discharging daily administrative matters, in addition to other duties.

Abu Ghazaleh will be assisted by a standing executive committee, grouping the departments of finance and accounting, air optor and Chairman of the Board: erations, engineering and mainte-Central Planning and research, nance, ticketing and marketing, public relations, international re- shipping, sales and marketing,

### Photo exhibition opens at French Cultural Centre

AMMAN (J.T.) — A 12-day photograph exhibition by French artist Francis Chaverou opened Sunday at the Freoch Cultural Centre in Amman. The exhibitioo, entitled "Jordan by a French photographer" displays Kingdom through a personal approach by the artist featuring the best views taken by the studeots of the photograph seminar himself at the French Cultural entre last reomany

Chaverou spent 14 days in Pet-ra, Jerash, Wadi Rum and Am- RAPHO.

man, as well as Jerusalem, observing the country, and its inbabitants and taking photographs of different aspects of life

On display are more than 40 of his photographs depicting street scenes, desert landscapes and urban views.

The French Cultural Centre which was managed by the artist bad organised the February trip for Francis Chaverou who is a ing for the Parisiao agency

## Hotel appoints new food and beverage chief

AMMAN (J.T.) - Warwick Janes recently joined Hotel Jor-dan Inter-Continental and took over the Food and Beverage Department.

Janes, who is from U.K., has a wide experience in the food and beverage industry, he was an executive chef in London for many years, where he catered for royalty and VIPs from around the world. James has contributed in open-

ing various well-renowned theme restaurants in London, in 1982 be was appointed food and beverage manager of the Dnbai Metropoli-

Before joining the Jordan In-ter-Continental Janes made a tour of the Far East and USA looking for new and exciting ideas which he will be introducing



Warwick Janes

in Amman, which will enforce the quality of food and service presented in the outlets, and keeping up the high standards of the hotel.

### EMBASSY OF JAPAN IN JORDAN

presents The Contemporary Japanese Poster Exhibition and a "Japanese Film Show"

at the Royal Cultural Centre as follows: Poster Exhibition: June 12 through June 19, 1989

at the Exhibition Hall Film Show: (1) 7:30 p.m. Monday, June 12 "Big Joys, Small Sorrows" (2) 7:00 p.m., Tuesday June 13 Song of the Spring Pony" at the Main Theatre

(Films are in Japanese and subtitled in Arabic) **☆ ADMISSION FREE ☆** 

# Jordan seeks pact on transport and transit operations with Syria

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan informed Syria Sunday that it is interested in concluding a bilateral agreement that would organise transport and transit operations of goods and passengers via land routes between them.

Jordan's views were relayed to the Syrian side in the joint Jordanian-Syrian Committee on Transport, by Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Hikmat Khammash at a meeting in

Amman. The minister said that Jordan would like to see further coordination between the two countries in the transportation of goods and passengers, and exemptions of all customs duty on goods and services exchanged between

He said that the planned agreement would provide further facilities for the transit trade as well. The meeting was attended by

Secretary General Mohammad Last February, the joint Jordanian-Syrian Land Transport Company's general assembly held a meeting in Damascus and was told that its fleet of trucks trans-ported 1.5 million tonnes of

chairmanship of the ministers o the Ministry of Transport's industry in both countries. The assembly will review th 1988 closing accounts, the general budget and operations, accordin to an official announcement ber Sunday.

The general assembly endorses a 1989 budget and discussed mat ters related to the modernisation

of the company's fleet of trucks Meanwhile the Syrian Jorda

nian Industry Company's genera

assembly is to open a meeting u

Amman Monday under the co

The announcement said tha the company's projects for 198 and progress on joint venture goods between Jordan and Syria will also be discussed at the and the rest of the Arab World meeting.

### Residents of occupied lands must return with registered dependents

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Interior Sunday issued an appeal to residents of the occupied territories to refrain from making visits to their occupied homeland without taking along with them all their children and other dependents registered in the travel permits issued by the Israeli authorities.

The ministry said that the Israeli authorities have been re- especially under-age children turning from the bridges residents whenever they cross into the

who do not abide by these conditions, thus creating difficulties for the Arab inhabitants and depriving them of the right to return.

The statement said that the Ministry of Interior bad issued specific regulations concerning this question back in 1983 when it urged residents of the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip to bring along their dependencies.

occupied lands for visits. The statement was issued view of the expected upsurge visits by Palestinian people their bomeland which are no

mally done during the summe "Even when making short trij to the occupied areas for emergency, Palestinians ought bring along their children so as avoid entry denial, especially their permits are due to expire

## Majali and artists discuss ways to improve cultural work

AMMAN (Petra) - Members of laws governing the work of artists (JAA) Sunday discussed matters related to the art movement in Jordan and means of improving artistic and cultural work at a meeting with Minister of Culture and Information Nasouh Al Ma-

The association members pan-Arab theatre festivals. raised the question of updating

the Jordanian Artists Association and a number of other tooics of concern to the artists work.

The minister, presented some of his ideas for promoting artistic work, and reviewed with the association members means of developing theatre in Jordan and Jordanian artists' participation in

The Ministry of Culture on

Saturday evening held a ce mony in honour of Dr. Moha mad Hammouri, the form

minister of culture. Minister of Culture Nasoub Majali delivered an address co mending his predecessor's deavours in cultural fields and own contributions to the imp mentation of a series of cultu events during his mandate.

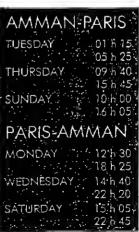
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# Sudanese take the first step

FINALLY, after protracted squabblings and bickerings which fuelled political uncertainty and exacerbated the plight of famine- and drought-hit Sudanese, the government of Sudan and the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), have taken the first firm step towards peace by launching direct negotiations. While it may be ton early to judge the course of the talks in Addis Ababa, the very fact that the two sides faced each other across the table indicates goodwill and desire for a negotiated settlement of the five-year-old conflict. The prophets of doom who could find no ray of hope for an early breakthrough in the process appear to have been confounded by Saturday's well-timed announcement that Egypt was willing to abrogate its defence pact with Sudan if such a move would help Khartoum restore peace in south Sudan and that a similar accord with Libya had been mullified and superceded by other agreements. Coupled with the freezing of Islamic laws and punishments (hudoud) and the month-old ceasefire which is holding in the south, the abrogation of the defence accords comes in fulfilment of three of the four major preconditions laid down by the rebels before opening peace talks. The fourth condition — the lifting of the state of emergency declared in 1985 — has not been met, but it seems to be accepted by the SPLA that it is a difficult move simply because of the violent opposition raised by the militant National Islamic Front (NIF) against any talks with the rebels.

A comforting feature of the Sudanese civil conflict is that the rebels are not demanding the ouster of the government or a radical change in the country's pan-Arab course. By agreeing to meet the government delegation, the SPLA has reaffirmed its respect for the democratically-elected government in Khartoum and that in itself is a heavy plus point

which bodes well for the negotiations. Lest we forget, we cannot but commend the direct and

indirect role played by the United Nations, particularly UNICEF, in arranging the Addis Ababa negotiations. It is another notch of success for UNICEF that its determined drive based on its vision that political climate is the key to meaningful and realistic relief efforts is showing signs of bearing fruit in Sudan.

Overall, there is hope in the air of a beginning of the end of the Sudanese conflict. The stage is set, the players are in place and the curtains are raised. The lines, of course, are well-known. There is little doubt that the government of Sadeq Al Mahdi is anxious to end the strife once and for all and realises that the religious fervour entertained by some circles in Sudan, including the NIF, could only prolong the conflict.

On the other side, it appears, judging from recent statements by SPLA leader John Garang, that the rebel movement has learnt its lessons over the years and is as anxious as the government to reach an agreement, particularly that some of its supporters seem to be shifting camps. To be sure, the rebels seem to be aiming for a deal with the government from a position of strength, derived from its recent advances on the ground, before it loses the advantage. Thus, all indications are that it is a matter of bargaining and extracting concessions which are not hard to offer. We hope the spirit of nationalism and unity as well as the sense of a shared common identity will dominate the Addis Ababa deliberations and signal an end to the suffering of the millions in Sudan.

### Jordan Press editorials

Al Ra'i commented Sunday on America's decision to veto a U.N. Security Council Resolution condemning Israel's treatment of the Arah population in the Arah occupied territories. The paper said that this veto indirectly justified Israel's repressive measures, which include torture and the killing of children. The U.S. veto coincided with the start of a new round of the U.S.-PLO dialogue in Tunis. The American amhassador has tried to verbally coerce his PLO counterpart to accept Israel's election terms, according to the paper. The paper added that America's action at the U.N. and it's behaviour in Tunis indicates that the U.S. has not opted for a credible role in any future Middle East peace settlement,

Mahmood Rimawi, Sunday columnist for Al Ra'i, commented on the future of Iran under the leadership of it's new head of state. The writer said that Tehran needs 'true peace" not merely a ceasefire, if reconstruction of the country is to take place. Iran's new spiritual leader and the speaker of the parliament indicated that they believed peace with Iraq is the only way progress could be assured in Iran at this point in time. The writer noted that this statement was made after Iraqi President Saddam Hussein made a speech addressing the Iranian nation, urging its leaders to make peace with its Arah neighbours. The writer points out that an all entailing peace settlement would include an exchange of prisoners and other agreements on other outstanding issues.

Al Dustour daily commented on celebrations that had taken place on the anniversary of the Great Arah Revolt and Army Day. The celebrations the paper said indicated that the Great Arab Revolt and the Jordanian armed forces were a source of great pride to the Jordanian people. The paper noted that the revolt had brought hope to the Arab nation. The creation of the armed forces under the guidance and leadership of Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali and his descendance, marked the beginning of a new phase in the history of the Arah people. Jordan's celebration of the twin anniversaries, commemorated the accomplishment of the vanguards of the national movement towards freedom and unity.

Diplomacy must not obscure the realities of Israeli occupation

# First things first

By Israel Shahak

IN THE last few months the question of Palestine has been subjected to a surfeit of diplomacy (some of it positive, but still no more than diplomacy) and plans for future contingencies. To all this mere verbal activity there seems to be no end. Meanwhile the Palestinians in the occupied territories are being subjected to greatly increased oppression. 1 will not discuss here the "special" massacres, like the one in Nahalin, or even the increase in torture, especially of women, or the killings of children, hut the "ordinary", daily system of humiliation and oppression which has been going on while the attention of the world (including most of the PLO hureaucracy) has been taken up with diplomacy.

ft is time to return to reality. and reality is, first, what is happening to the Palestinian people, and second what the Israeli government is doing; the rest is subsidiary. There are two grave problems affecting hundreds of thousands of persons daily, which, in my opinion, prevent any positive advance in any direction, as long as they are not tackled.

The theft of water

The first is the growing theft of water by the Israelis from the Palestinians in the occupied territories and the way it is divided. This is a perennial feature of the Israeli system of rule and one which reflects the determination of the Israeli establishment to keep its hold on the territories.

First the hard facts: next year

the Israeli estimate for the volume of water originating from the West Bank is 807m cubic meters (mcm). Of this, 510 mcm will be diverted to Israeli use, 160 mcm will be granted to the Jewish settlers in the West Bank (whose number is estimated to reach 100.000, but, in my opinion, will be much less) and only 137 mcm will be allowed to the 1,200,000 Palestinians. The situation this year is only a little Better than that estimated for next; it gets worse every year. Even if we accept the official figures the result is, percentage wise, that the Palestinians of the West Bank will get only 17 per cent of their own water, while Israel will get 83 per cent; of this the Jewish settlers, whose presence there is illegal, will get 20 per cent! What is more, while a Jewish settler in the West Bank will get officially 1,600 cubic metres of water per

person per year (in 1985 it was "only" 363 cubic metres of water per settler), a Palestinian there will get a mere 137 cubic metres, a ratio of II.7:1. The average inhabitants of Tel Aviv use more water in their apartment than an average West Bank Palestinian family is allowed for all its needs, including irrigation. If this is not apartheid, then what is?

Enormous areas of the West Bank which could be irrigated are not allowed to be, because they belong to the Palestinians, and the Civil Administration refuses to allocate water for their irrigation. No doubt when such land is confiscated for the settlers the water will be found. Those 510 mem of water (63 per cent of the whole) which are diverted from the neighbouring part of the West Bank to purely Israeli use are now an important part of the water consumption in a coastal area north of Tel Aviv. The fate of Israeli agricultural exports to Europe, an important part of the Israeli economy, depends on this stolen water.

In Gaza the situation is worse. Although there is no detailed official data it is well known that Palestinian agriculture is Gaza is being systematically dried up and destroyed, while that of the Jew-

ish settlers in the Gaza Strip (numbering a merc 2,500, but with an enormous water-consumption for their agriculture) and of the Israeli settlements surrounding the Strip, is flourishing. How is this done? By their efficient deep drilling the Israeli settlements cause the sea water to enter the underground reservoir tapped by Palestinian wells, while their own deeper wells are not affected.

The settlers inside the Strip, who by deep drilling tap deeper layers of water, also cause seepage from the sea into the more superficial levels. Since Palestinians are strictly prohibited from deep drilling or indeed from dig-ging new wells on their own land, the result is that the sea seeps into their existing wells. By now, in many areas of the Gaza Strip even the water used hy Palestinians for drinking, not to speak of that for agriculture, contains more salt than even the lowest medical standards allow. Israeli control of water supplies ensures that not only is there a general prohibition on Palestinians drilling new wells and enlarging old ones, or fitting new and better pumps, but that even sales of spare parts for old pumps are rigorously controlled.

Torture by humiliation

This brings us to the second problem: the total, indeed the totalitarian control, exercised by the Israeli authorities over all aspects of Palestinian life in the territories and the arbitrariness by which it is imposed. Let us begin with one of the least harsh examples: one of the minor forms of torture inflicted on every Palestinian is to order them to attend the offices of the military governor and be left to stand there from morning to evening, and be ordered to return the next day and the next, for as long as the authorities consider neces-

Usually a group of older leaders of the community is subjected to this "treatment". They are assigned a young soldier, whom they have to address as "Sir" or as "Captain" and whose permission they need not only to get a drink of water but also to use the toilet. The aim, as in literally everything devised by the Israeli "Arabists", who really rule the territories, is to reduce all Palestinians without distinction, to the level of small children, completely dependent on a "higher" authority, and to put every Israeli on the higher level. This is absolutely legal.

It is also legal to close all chinics

in a town (like Salfit) because the administration does not like peopie there, to cut off electricity in Qabatiya for 13 months, to cut it off in half of Kafr Salim but leave. it on in the other half. To cut off all telephones in a huge area is also legal. Recently it became known that from 1970 the entrance of all "unauthorised persons" to all refugee camps was illegal, according to an unpub-lished (and unknown) regulation which had the force of law and could be invoked at an appropriate moment against a press photographer. This too is legal, and the Israeli Supreme Court will surely uphold it if the military declare it to be "necessary for the security of Israel".

In short, the Israeli authorities can do in the territories anything and everything which they want with no exception. How any sort of free elections can be held under such conditions, except if the Israeli authorities think that they can determine the results in advance (as they thought in 1976), is a mystery. All diplomatic approaches, unless they lead to pressures which will hart the Israeli establishment, distract attention from reality. - MEI.

# European Parliament—another world power?

By Christina MacKenzie The Associated Press

BRUSSELS — Prior to 1987, the European Parliament had little power and was often accused of being an expensive, unwieldy institution that contributed little to the European Economic Community (ÉEC).

But since a law known as the single act was passed July 1, 1987, modifying the community's 1957 founding Treaty of Rome, the parliament's powers have grown. The parliament is likely to become even more important as the community moves foward a unified market in 1992.

Under its original powers, which have been retained the parliament can:

- Amend the community's budget, except on farm spending, or reject the hudget altogether. It has already done this on several

- Dismiss all 17 members of Furopean Cor community's executive, as a

- Delay its opinion on legislation drafted by the commission. Normally, a law is proposed by the commission; then approved or amended by the parliament; reviewed by the European Council of Ministers, which represents the 12 member governments, and hy a commission representative: returned to the parliament for more consideration; and, finally, enactment of the law by the Council of Ministers.

Since 1987, the parliament must also be consulted on any measure aimed at creating a unified European market that involves the environment, research and technology, occupational health and safety and certain measures to harmonise laws among nations. The parliament ultimately can move to amend such legislation if 260 of its 518 members vote to do so, although the amendments can later be stripped

by the Council of Ministers. The parliament now also has the right to veto or delay some EEC treaties with other countries, or applications for membership to the trade bloc. Last year, the parliament delayed for months renewing a treaty with Israel until Israel made good its promise to allow Palestinian agricultural produce into the EEC under its own labels.

Turkey's application for membership also will have to pass muster with the parliamentarians, who regularly adopt resolutions condemning Ankara's human

rights record. The European Parliament cannot initiate legislation on its own. hnt it can suggest to the commission areas where legislation is needed. For instance, recent draft legislation on harmonising television rules and keeping the majority\_of TV programmes made in Europe was an idea put

forward by the parliament. European Parliament members do not have to be members of their home parliaments, not do they even have to run for election in their country of citizenship. They are paid, by the European Community, the same salary they would receive if they belonged to

their home parliaments. The parliament, however, is seeking an even higger say in EEC affairs. The most powerful body at present in the EEC is the Council of Ministers, made up of delegates from each member government. Advocates of more parliamentary power say the domination of community decision-making hy a handful of people responsible only to their own governments is a disservice to the EEC's overall citizenry.

This "democratic gap" will be a bot issue in the parliament's next

five-year term, says Gijs De Vries, a parliament member from the Netherlands who has been particularly active in the body's Other key issues, he says, will include details of how the single

market will work, environmental, consumer and social issues and the EEC's relationship with the rest of the world. The parliament has a crucial role in this last area, hecause trade cooperation agreements cannot take effect until a majority of the parliament approves them.

The parliament also must sign off on applications from nations that want to join the community. The parliament gets opportunies to influence legislation. When the European Commission the EEC's executive body drafts an piece of legislation, it goes to the parliament for amendments. It then goes to the Council of Ministers and a commission representative for their opinion before going back to the parliament for a second reading. At this stage the parliament can

In the past, the council has ultimately adopted only 21 per cent of the parliament's second amendments.

either accept the legislation as it

stands or try to amend it a second

time. The final decision is up to

the Council of Ministers.

But British conservative Christopher Jackson recently wrote that it is wrong to judge the parliament's influence only by how many of its amendments are approved. The 18 committees that draw up amendments also devise suggestions in the form of



(Cartoon: Hanel/Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung)

written questions to the commission that the commission often incorporates into proposed legislation.

"Members take the view that parliamentary questions are among their most potent weapons

for influencing community policy," Jackson said. He said that in 1987, the parliament, which usually holds a week-long plenary meeting once a month, produced nearly 3,000 written questions and 1,000 oral questions.

The parliament also issues resolutions on current affairs, a large number of which reflect concern with human rights ahuses

and environmental issues. The eight political parties often group in left-right alignments to

propose joint resolutions, and voting patterns show that group members do not always vote as expected.

This is because the political groups are largely a convenient vehicle for grouping parliament members who, in the final analysis, often have broadly similar views and might be equally happy. in other groups. The main excep-tion is members of the socialist group, which consists entirely of members of the Socialist Interna-

In May, the Spanish members . of the European democratic Group resigned from that grouping to join the European People's Party. And some Italian Communists feel their natural home in the parliament should be in the socialist grouping.

Parliamentary officials say that in the near future there could be profound changes in the groups, notably on the right, withthe likely disappearance of the European Democratic Alliance and the movement of its members to other gronpings.

Now that ecology has become fashionable, green parties throughout Europe are expected to do well at the expense of

extreme right-wing parties. In fact, campaigns for the par-liament, which opened in most countries in early May, have a distinctly green tinge. Posters put up by the Belgian Socialist Party, whose logo is a closed fist holding a rose, say: "The SP didn't wait until it was fashionable to discover that nature existed."

Citizens of Britain, Denmark, Ireland, the Netherlands and Spain will vote for European Parliament members Thursday, June 15. Belgium, France, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Portugal and West Germany follow June 18. Results are expected June 19.

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# Cambodian-American returns to tragic homeland

By Denis D. Gray The Associated Press

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PHNOM PENH — Ten years ago Yan Ke fled the Khmer Rouge killing fields, evaded an advancing Vietnamese army and was shut up in fetid refugee camps. He would never, he thought, see his tragic homeland or his splin-

tered family again.
With a little nephew in Tow, the then 21-year-old refugee finally ended his odyssey in the United States — lonely, haunted by the past, concerned about survival in a strange land.

Bul Yan Ke did well in America. And recently, he joined an increasing number of his countrymen cautiously returning for visits from the United States, France, Australia and Canada. Rather than cross border minefields, this time he travelled on comfortable jet airliners from Columbus, Ohio, to Phnom

Waiting for him in the Cambodian capital were not only his aging parents but nearly 40 other relatives. Word had spread, and they trekked from remote villages and towns across Cambodia for a reunion with the handsome returnee packing T-shirts, U.S. slang

and high-tech gadgetry.

Together, three generations
posed for his video cameras within the former royal palace com-pound against a hackdrop of guardian lions in stone and mythic angels.

There were toddlers, young parents and the deeply wrinkled, who could remember this palace as a haven of peace and tradition before the Cambodian war, Khmer Rouge terror, Viet-

"When I stepped off the plane and they were all there, I could say nothing," Yan Ke said. "And f nearly cried when I saw my ruined country. They need every-

thing."
Yan Ke was a high school student in the Northwestern pro-vince of Battambang when Khmer Ronge guerrillas routed the U.S.-backed government in 1975 and turned the country into

murderous slave-labour camp. Like many strong teen-agers he was separated from his parents and assigned to a work brigade. Payment for hackbreaking labour in the fields amounted to several spoonfuls of rice mixed with water and vegetable scraps.

An uncle, a cousin and several other relatives were among the hundreds of thousands killed by the Communists in their primitive

At night he would listen to victims being taken away to die and hear the thud of blunt instruments against human flesh. Yan Ke said he still has nightmares about one boy from his brigade who kept a shoulder bag he had accidentally found in the forest. This "criminal" was brought before the assembled brigade workers; then his throat was cut and his

stomach slit open.
Yan Ke thought his turn had come when friends told him the Khmer Rouge were angry over a brief conversation with a pretty former school friend. He resolved to be shot trying to flee rather than be slaughtered.

In 1979, with Vietnamese troops scattering the Khmer

At a furtive family reunion amid the mounting chaos it was decided that he and a three-year-old nephew, Voeun Ke, would try to make it to the Thai border. Another brother and two sisters would remain hebind to care for

the parents. The two reached the border after three days of walking, but aloog the way robbers discovered his only valuables: bits of gold he had concealed in a pack of

For more than a year, Yan Ke and his nephew lived in swelling refugee camps in Thailand and the Philippines. Then, with the help of a Catholic charity, they arrived in the United States and in 1981 settled in Columbus, where 2,500 other Cambodians have found homes.

Yan Ke worked as a machine operator in a steel mill, then got a job in the state employment office, where he helps refugees, immigrants and unemployed Americans find jobs. He also earned a hachelor's degree in computer science and developed a home repair husiness in his

Still single, he lives with his nephew in one of four apartments that he owns.

"It was tough being a father without any experience, but I've learned," says Yan Ke, proudly-announcing that his charge is a fifth-grade representative in his school's student council and a star pupil. He prefers hamburgers to rice and is forgetting the Cambodian language.

Like many Cambodians and other Indochinese refugees, Yan Ke sent thousan

steady numbers of Cambodians had been returning over the past year and a half and were wellreceived by authorities eager for them to bring in dollars and take out positive impressions. Some of the quarter-million Cambodians who have fled their homeland since the mid-1970s are planning to invest in import-export businesses and tourism.

Yan Ke is still wary. Despite recent liberalisation and prospects of a settlement to the Cambodian conflict, Communists are in control and Khmer Rouge guerrillas pose a threat from out-

"Many still don't trust the situation," he said. "But I'd like overseas Cambodians to become more involved in helping the people here, especially the chil-

Between long talks, sightseeing and showing a video of Voeun Ke to his nephew's parents, Yan Ke and another Cambodian-American returned · visited schools without books and clinics with few medicines. They plan to raise money in Ohio to help a

"It's enough suffering. We need a break," Yan Ke said one namese invasion and all the en- Ronge, Yan Ke was able to bolt. his parents and relatives over the only seen the dark side of life."

# years. Recently he decided the time was perhaps right for a homecoming. "Some of my Cambodian friends said I was crazy, and the

that they could oot help me if I

U.S. state department warned got into trouble," Yan Ke said. But he also knew that small but

night in Phnom Penh. "Look at those who were born in the Khmer Rouge era and weren't as

# Young West Germans find natural idyll in Portugal

By Rebecca Irvin Reuter

BENSAFRIM - When 29-yearold Trandi heard of the Chernobyl nuclear accident in the Soviet Union, she thought it was only a matter of time before something similar happened in her native West Germany.

So she moved from Stuttgart with her two children to an ahandoned farmhouse deep in the woods of the Monchique Hills in Portugal's southern Algarve re-

gion.
"This is one of the few European countries with no nuclear power plants. Life is so much healthier here. It is still possible to live naturally," she told repor-

Her house has no running water or electricity, hut a nearby stream provides water for drinking and cooking, which she does over a wood stove.

Traudl, who requested anonymity because she is not a legal resident, is one of thousands of West Germans aged 18 to 40 wbo see Portugal as one of the last natural idylis in Europe.

Increasing numbers are heading for the isolated hill regions of southern Portugal, where the local — mainly peasant — popula-tion looks on them with a mixture of friendliness and bewilderment.

The Algarve region is best known for its beaches, but just a bit further inland lie thickly forested, uninhabited hills and valleys, many of which can only be reached on foot or by four-wheel

The young people, called by the Lisbon daily Europe the "new conquistadors" and who include self-avowed anarchists, mystics or just plain "selbstversorger" (who grow all their own food), give similar reasons for leaving West

These are fears of nuclear energy, and worries about pollution,



Young West Germans looking for fun in the sun

dying forests, heavy industrialisation and the emptiness of life in one of Europe's richest countries.

"There is not a single square metre of land in Germany which is not developed or spoken for," said Hubert Mneller, who several years ago bought a 10-hectare farm near this southern town to grow organic (chemically untreated) produce.

"You can no longer eat berries or mushrooms from our forests because they ore poisoned by pollution," he said. Many of the new settlers, who

huy or rent land or just squat. come from the industrialised south of Germany, including Bavaria and Swabia, or Berlin. Jurgen, a 26-year-old former oil trader who has bought a few hectares of land with his wife and baby son, said; "Life is much freer here. In Germany, if you don't have a 'schein' (certificate)

nothing."
The Portuguese often look on the Germans with puzzlement, mainly because some of them rarely bathe or cut their hair and can sometimes be seen naked on

stating your profession, you are

"It's what they call going 'natural," shrugged Jose Manuel Silva, a local supermarket owner.

Despite the clash of Northern Europeao "alternative" lifestyle with traditional Portuguese culture, residents seem surprisingly tolerant of their new neighbours, who also include some British and Dutch expatriates.

"We are generally very open towards outsiders. But they have money and the locals will always hope to get something out of

them," said lawyer Cristiano Cirol, who has belped many foreigners huy land.

Authorities may disagree. Very few of the West Germans, baffled by hureaucracy and language difficulties, say they have their residency papers in order.

The guarda fiscal, or tax and customs police, seem to wage a running battle with new residents, carefully tracking down cars which stay in Portugal longer than the allowed six months.

# Kurosawa shares his dreams with the world on the screen

The Associated Press

HOTAKA — Akira Kurosawa has spent 46 years using his genius as a film director, editor and writer to create painfully realistic portrayals of human na-

In "dreams," his oew film now in production, the acclaimed director plans to recreate his dreams to reach audiences living in a modern world.

The feelings which lie sleeping in our bearts, the secret hopes which we keep hidden deep inside, and the dark wishes and fears ... manifest themselves hon-

rears ... manifest themselves non-estly in our dreams," says the 79-year-old director.
"Dreams" is a series of nine episodes ranging from an idyllic village scenes to a terrifying nightmare of ouclear holocaust. Kurosawa's legendary insistence on perfection is evident amid the watery fields of green mustard which mirror snow-capped peaks he finally found in

central Japan.

Large hive and green reflectors are shifted to and fro to capture the sunlight. Men in wetsuits splash through a stream swollen hy melting snow, arranging water plants and snagging trash before it floats hy. Other staffers scramble up and down banks, arranging

the fobage.
Finally, the sun breaks out of the clouds.
"Start," assistant director

Takashi Koizumi shouts. A hrightly costumed funeral procession dances along the treelined path beside the stream, accompanied by musicians play-

Terao, who plays Kurosawa in all but two of the oreams, stands patiently as scattered flower petals are collected and dancers return to position. A crane lifts a tree branch out of the way.

"We'll do the real shooting now," Kurosawa says.

As Terao, who has wandered into a strange village, watches the procession, an elderly man in a straw hat and orange apron, played by Chishu Ryu, explains that the villagers are celebrating, rather than mourning, the death of a 99-year-old woman who has led a fúlfilling life.

"Human hearts have been lost along with nature. I am nostalgic for a good environ-

'Something strange floated down the river. Do it again," Kurosawa shouts.

1943 amid censorship and economic limitations imposed by World War II. In his memoirs, he says he learned to thrive uoder restrictions from deadlines and hudgets, which forced him to develop new techniques.

two or more cameras on every set - here one is in a tree and a second is above a mustard field.

his staff only after the first cuts ing drums, flutes and cymbals.
"Cut" shouts Kurosawa. "One of the skills of filmmaking. inare made, Having mastered most

sign, he exercises almost total control producer Yoshio Inoue

Long hours in the darkroom have made Kurosawa's eyes sensitive to light, obliging him to wear his trademark sunglasses and cap.

Kurosawa walks slowly and his hands shake ever so slightly as he lights a cigarette, but he remains tall and hearty, clad in sneakers. faded jeans and a blue-striped

"Human hearts have been lost along with nature. I am nostalgic for a good environment and good

ment and good hearts.'

Kurosawa began his career in

To film quickly and effectively, he began the innovative use of

The actors rehearse repeatedly until Kurosawa feels they are camera-ready. The director edits his films as they are shot and shows them to

hearts." he said while discus-

sing "dreams."
"This is a beautiful spot, a very gorgeous river. But we had to look all over Japan to find a river like this. That's how much nature is lost," he says, "It's really sad."

In other vignettes, the movie depicts dreams of fairy tales, a blizzard, a dark tunnel of madness. He imagines stepping into a painting of Vincent Van Gogh. played by U.S. director Martin Scorsese, and meeting the 19th century Dutch artist himself.

He left out one puzzling dream about a hippopatamus walking through a sliding door, he says.

His most terrifying nightmare is "Mount Fuji in red," showing the dreamer stranded in hellish confusion as the great volcano melts down after a nuclear plant

With assistance from the production company of U.S. director George Lucas, known for his work on the "Star Wars" science fiction films, Kurosawa will use special effects for the first time in

the Mount Fuji sequence.
In "Dreams" Kurosawa once again shares his philosophy of humanism, described by friend and translator audie bock as the belief that "man must fight 10 retain hope in the midst of this

hopeless world, and in this fight all men are brothers. Kurosawa's mosi "wonderful dream" shows television announcers shouting that world peace has finally come.

Despite its universal themes and foreign funding, \$10.7 mil-lion of which is being supplied by U.S. director Steven Spielberg's Amblin Entertainment, in cooperation with Lucas's Industrial Light and Magic-Lucas Co. Kurosawa says "Dreams" is oirected mainly at Japan.

"I'd like to fix Japan," he says.
The government is "despicable," he says, and the Japanese film industry is only concerned

with making money.

The movie business is in terrible shape. Directors only make what they think will sell. They need to come up with good films that people will love," he says. Kurosawa says he already has an idea for his next film, but

won't tell. "Someone might steal it," he says. "If it's good, that's OK, but I usually wouldn't like the re-

"I hope to stay healthy and keep working up to 103 years old. "It's really fun. I really enjoy doing this." he says. "All films are dreams for a director."

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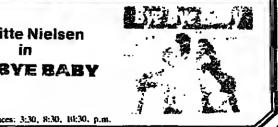
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# Egyptian parliament begins debate on low-deficit budget

CAIRO (R) — The Egyptian parliament opened debate Saturday on a 1989-90 draft budget with a sharply reduced deficit to meet a key demand by the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Al Razaz, presenting the draft to the 458-member People's Assembly, pledged that the government would continue economic reforms to cut public spending.

The draft put the gross budget deficit at 4.9 billion pounds (\$1.9 billion), down from the record 7.2 billion pounds (\$2.8 billion) in the financial year ending June 30.

Egypt, burdened with foreign debts estimated at \$50 billion. is about to enter fresh talks with the IMF on a package of economic

The government hopes an IMF team due in Cairo this month will approve a letter of intent enabling it to go to Paris Club of creditor nations to reschedule debt payments of \$4 billion due between last July I and the end of

The budget documents, made available to Reuters, put domestie and foreign debt commitments

Finance Minister Mohammed for 1989-90 at 5.9 billion pounds (\$2.3 billion at the official exchange rate of 2.57 pounds to the

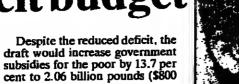
> Payments already rescheduled under a 1987 agreement with the IMF would be channelled to a special bank account to be used after different grace periods.

The draft estimated that goverment revenues would rise to 25.4 billion pounds (\$9.88 billion) from 21.5 billion (\$8.36 billion) in

It put expenditure at 30.3 billion pounds (\$11.78 billion) against 28.7 billion pounds \$11.16 hillion) in the current

Razaz said the budget deficit would be partly financed by domestic and foreign borrowing. The net deficit was estimated at 660 million pounds (\$256 mil-

Higher subsidies



Kamat Ganzouri

A statement by Planning Minister Kamal Ganzouri to parliament put the national unemployment rate in 1988-89 at seven per cent, up from 5.6 per cent the

in the new fiscal year.

number of jobless people as high as three million.

But he said about 480,000 people would join the work force in

# **Fanians want money** after spiritual comfort

TEHRAN (R) — In Iran, where a lieutenant colonel may drive a taxi to make ends meet, reconstruction of a war-crippled economy is the top priority after the death of Ayatollab Rubollah

"No way can I get by on may salary," said one such serving officer. "Before the revolution, i could have bought this car with a few months work. Now I can barely afford the spare parts."

After 10 years of revolutionary upheaval and eight years of war with Iraq, Iran's gross domestic product (GDP) is only about twothirds of its 1977 level.

Spiritual medication "Khomeini could give the peo-

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swimming pool.

ple spiritual comforts to forget the difficulties. Now he's gone and the people are hnngry for one Western diplomat

Many ordinary Iranians are now prepared to complain. Unemployment and inflation rates are high and foreign currency is

"At the top of our programmes are the economic problems of the country and the people," said Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani.

Rafsanjani, expected to be elected executive president in August, said the next decade of the revolution would be devoted to reconstruction, a hill officials estimate will run to over \$90 billion.

'Bungling and bullying'

He said "hungling and bullying" by the West meant it might not win a place in the race for Instead, Iran was discussing a

Union, part of what diplomats said was a trend towards economie links with Eastern Bloc countries. With little city huilding done in

the past 10 years, much of the infrastructure is ageing although basic telephone, power and water services still work. But factories built in the early

1980s in hope of an early end to the war are now dilapidated without ever baving seen full produc-

The government has vowed not

to bow to IMF pressures to scrap

subsidies, fearing a repetition of food riots in 1977 when dozens of

people were killed following price

raises which were later rescinded.

aged a balance of payments de-

ficit of 1.8 billion pounds (\$700

million) against 2.6 billion

pounds (about \$1 billion) in 1988-

deficit would rise slightly to 14.7 billion pounds (\$5.71 billion)

from 14.4 billion (\$5.60 billion).

domestic product (GDP) would

rise by 5.2 per cent in 1989-90.

the third year of a development

plan, to 47.8 hillion pounds

it envisaged gross national product (GNP) rising to 86.5 billion pounds (\$33.6 billion) from 82.4

billion pounds (\$32.1 billion).

Rising unemployment

(\$18.6 billion).

The draft forecast that gross

But they predicted the trade

The budget documents envis-

Idle industry tranian sources and diplomats estimate industry is running at an average of one third to one half of

"In one town I visited recently, virtually none of the 490 factories was working at all," said one

Iranian economist. Critical to industry is a lack of cash to import machinery and raw materials as the state budget swallows up oil income, expected to reach \$12 hillion in the year to

March 1990. Oil earns 90 per cent of Iran's foreign exchange and dollars are so scarce that they cost 1,400 riyals each on the hlack market against an official rate of 73.65

A tangle of bureaucratic restrictions exacerbates the problem. One industrialist said that. to get plastic to make dolls, he had to import car light mouldings

Rafsanjani said the government would follow a new fiveyear plan now before parhament. The plan, which would liberalise the state-dominated economy and ease foreign trade restrictions, sets targets of 5.7 per cent a year growth in GDP and 8.7 per cent in investment.

Some diplomats said proposals to cut expenditure and raise revenue were unrealistie. They noted that plans for a new value added tax had been postponed and social spending was budgeted to rise substantially. "Also, the arguments between

the pro-state radicals and the pro-private sector people are far from over," one diplomat said. One sign of a more liberal regime was Rafsanjani's statement that Islamic revolutionary limits on foreign horrowing would be eased, provided repayment was matched with income from the projects they financed.

Diplomats put Iran's current foreign debt at between \$6 and \$10 billion. The inflation rate, estimated at between 20 and 40 per cent a year this decade, has far outstripped the rise in wages.

Drift of jobless

Crowds of jobless youths now drift around Tehran's bazaar. The unemployment rate, officially put at 15.9 per cent, could be as ligh as 40 per cent.

Soldiers gradually being demobilised asfter last August's ceasefire in the war with Iraq compete for the available jobs with their young brothers.

A census in 1986 showed that 45 per cent of the population was aged under 15.

Officials are worried that the growth rate in the population, at more than three per cent of the highest in the world, will severely strain the frayed infrastructure. Agricultural outpu

mained statie and is threatened by increasingly scarce water supplies and a stalemate on land reform laws.

A mosque-based rationing system from the war is likely to keep the poor well fed into the near future, hut diplomats say the large subsidies will undermine the A small dollar-rich class still

lives in north Tehran hut most recognise that they are dinosaurs of a species swept away by the 1979 Islamic revolution.

previous year. He said the government estimated that the number of people without work would increase

from 972,000 to about 1.1 million Unofficial figures have put the

Ganzouri said the government expected public and private investments of 14.5 billion pounds (\$5.6 billion) in 1989-90 to create about 370,000 jobs.

the same period.

# Reflections on tourism in Jordan

By Munir Nassar

AMMAN — As one of many thousands in our society whose livelihood depends entirely on tourism, I am gratified, though sadly, that the economic difficulties Jordan is facing has caused an almost unanimons awakening to the vital role tourism can play in replenishing our foreign reserves and create hundreds of new jobs; not to forget ons potential of local and foreign capital investment opportunities in many sectors of this industry.

In fact, one of the most encouraging trends I have noticed during the last few weeks is the strang commitment among many in the private sector to invest in various projects. One hears of new hotels planned in Acaba and Petra, long overdue renovations and extensions to existing facilities, new restaurants and other entertainment outlets, international fairs and events.

But, lest we make the same mistakes other developing economies agonised through in their haste to build a tourism industry or increase their tourism receipts overnight, and to learn from our past experience, it may be worth all our while to sit back briefly and reflect on some truths, facts, assumptions and theories that may help light up the way to an obvious goal of a healthy, dynamic, ever-growing fully integrated tourism in-

Statistics

The income a country derives from tourism is affected by the total number of visitors, the average length of stay, and the average spend per tourist. In the figures published by the Central Bank of Jordan. I understand that the formula for estimating the average spend is one that was built on very old economic and financial figures, and may be far from giving an accurate indicator of how much the country actually earns.

Such figures are not needed to give ourselves a pat on the shoulder, but to act as a yardstick in measuring performance and determining ways and means to further enhance growth in the industry.

Demographics are also essential to indge the effectiveness of marketing campaigns, where best to concentrate promotional efforts and the allocation of scarce funds. At this stage, it is imperative

that funds and personnel are allocated to conduct an in-depth research during the next six months that will reexamine the points mentioned above, as well as other matters of relevance to the continued growth of this I hasten to add that my sug-

gestion does not call for foreign expertise to be imported at great cost in order to conduct this survey, as I have no doubt at all that we have enough local talent (certainly amongst the staff of the ministries of tourism and danning and the Department of Statistics) to perform this job very adequately.

Industry components and their role in development

The tourism product, not unlike other products, is the result of the collective efforts of several segments of the industry. On one side, you have the group of suppliers of services such as hotels, restaurants, guides, land transportation companies, airlines, souvenir shops, horseand camel-owners, car rental firms. On the other side you have tourist agencies whose primary role is to design tourist products, contract for the vasuch products in the world.

Complimenting these two groups are the various government agencies such as the Ministry of Tourism, the immigration and customs departments, the various Jordanian embassies and the Department of Civil Avia-

The one major difference between these three groupings is that the first two are motivated by profit, whilst the third has to address the wider picture of the general good to the society and the country. This is not just a statement of

the obvious: it underlines a very basic principle, namely that of the importance of total and complete coordination between all the various segments of this industry for it to surge forward and fulfill our aspirations. It is wrong to assume that any one segment can act independently and succeed.

The complexity of the tourist product becomes obvious when one considers the multitude of things that must happen at the right time and place, and in the correct sequence, before a tourist decides to book a holiday to Jordan.

The picture becomes even more intricate when one aims at ensuring that the expectations this tourist has of his visit to Jordan are fulfilled, and he returns to his country a happy and satisfied customer to spread the Gospel.

What is very essential is for all parties to realise that none can act independent from all others, and that any service poorly rendered hy any one of the suppliers will sour all other components. Human nature is such that one remembers the bad things and takes the good things for granted.

In short, utter and complete coordination every step of the

way is most essential. Monopoly is a dirty word

A close look at the industry in countries where tourism sustained a healthy growth in tourist arrivals over the last two decades (typical examples are Austria, Greece, Spain) is bound to show that competition amongst members of the same discipline is encouraged. In fact, it is the one single factor that ensures the maintenance of a high standard of . services provided to the visitor. (without which no growth is possible), at reasonable prices.

Exclusivity of any sort is unheard of, and laws are in force to see that to cartelling exists. dirty wor Small business is encouraged.

In Austria, the number of small family-run hotels and pensions exceed that of larger establish-Ministry of Tourism

Apart from the execution of leg-

islation adopted by the government, the Ministry of Tourism must assume full and complete responsibility for overseeing all the segments involved in the process. At present, several other government agencies are involved in licensing, price-fixing and su-pervision of airlines, hotels, restaurants, etc. The ministry must involve all

suppliers, both public and private, in recommending legislation and a code of ethics, setting industry standards and practices, determining an inter-disciplinary code of conduct, deciding on long-term marketing objectives and strategies and implementing same and assuring an on-going performance appraisal. In fact, the ministry must encourage each segment to develop a self-disciplinary process that allows a supplier to be

Urgent issue

One urgent issue that needs to be addressed by the Ministry of Tourism, in close cooperation with all industry segments, is the definition of clear objectives as strategy to take us into the 21st Century. This requirement emphasises again the importance of statistics I mentioned earlier as it is these statistics that provide the foundations on which a strategy can be built.

Marketing

Of all the above, and in view of the buge increase in the number of tourist arrivals to Jordan during the last 12 months, the most important activity that must be addressed by all is "MARKETING."

I understand that the Ministry of Tourism is considering at present this issue with the view body that will address the long term objectives, as well as consider means of sustaining this growth and capitalise on the popularity of Jordan as a tourist destination, a popularity that has emerged very strongly in many origin markets. It is impossible to divorce the

tourism marketing process from that of the image-huilding. There are many examples in the recent past where multi-million marketing eampaigns ran aground because of a negative image of the country or city concerned.

Consider the effect of the Miami riots a few years ago, the oil spill in the English Channel and what it did to French tourism in Brittany.

We are already at a disadvantage, in the eyes of the Western tourist, hy being right smack in the heart of the Middle East, an area identified with turmoil, wars and civil strife, not to mention terrorism (a word that the Western media made synonymous with Arab), As a result, a one-man demonstration anywhere in this part of the world takes on the proportions of an all-out civil disobedience. campaign and a protest march becomes a bloody civil war.

Ministry of Information

The Ministry of Information, whose primary task I assume is the image-huilding process, must work very closely with the Ministry of Tourism. Together, they must identify the right image to be projected to the world. and establish contingency plans to face up to negative factors and minimise their effect on the tourist flow. Another vital role both minis-

tries must play is to awaken the public to the importance of tourism to the economy of the country and to refute the myth that tourism is "hazardous to our moral, religious and social values." The vast majority of visitors who come to Jordan are people genuinely interested inthe historical and cultural attractions we have to offer.

Burial committees

The common belief that committees are just another way of burying things under a mountain of red tape is only partially true. Committees, as we know them, usually generate an endless stream of recommendations that are then passed on to other committees and so on.

However, to implement the coordination required for a dynamic tourism industry, one needs an executive committee that can take decisions and see them through. Such a committee must include a representaagencies involved in the tourism

Royal Jordanian

National air carriers of most tourist destination countries play an important role in the marketing process. They offer the largest number of seats to the destination from most origin markets. They are the first physical contact that a visitor has with the country be is going

Royal Jordanian is a typical example of such carriers. Even though exact figures are not available, yet it is a known fact that Royal Jordanian carries the largest number of tourist arrivals to the country. During the last two decades,

and to varying degrees, our national carrier has promoted the many attractions of the itry in all parts of the world. This has been at a great cost to the airline, both in terms of the direct cost of such promotions and the loss of revenue by assigning seats for such traffic rather than selling them on longer routes which would have nerated more revenue to the

Despite this fact, it was often felt that the airline should do more to promote tourism, speci-fically by assigning more seats on their European services to Amman. As a result and since late 1987, Royal Jordanian put even more emphasis on promotion of tourism to Jordan, offering more seats at very competitive prices to group travel to

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This policy has suited the foreign carriers very well, leaving the low-yield business to Royal Jordanian to carry while they concentrated on other segments (such as first, husiness and foll economy travel) that generate more revenue. With the economic hardships in the country last year, and the subsequent drop in traffic originating in Jordan, these carriers (a total of six) face a dilemma. Indeed, one of them had to reduce the frequency of its services to once weekly.

And yet, these carriers offer a total capacity of more than 6,000 seats weekly to Amman, a capacity that is by far not utilised fully. With very few exceptions, these airlines spend all their marketing budgets and efforts in increasing their shares of the local market. With the prevalent market conditions, they have the choice of either reducing their frequencies (a bitter choice for many) or follow an aggressive marketing policy that will generate inbound traffic to Jordan.

The second alternative must be the obvious choice as it is bound to increase the traffic on their routes to Amman as well as the number of visitors to Jordan.

Representation However, such carriers may

require financial and logistical marketing support from the Ministry of Tourism, and same should be provided. This may translate into the government reconsidering its decision to appoint Royal Jordanian as the official representative of tourism worldwide and repatriating this responsibility back to the Ministry of Tourisu.

Editor's note: Obviously there are other aspects to tourism that have not been tackled in the above article. The Jordan Times encourages the readers to express their own views on tourism or any other economic subjects.

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### **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

#### ICO fires fifth of staff RIYADH (R) — The Islamie Conference Organisation (ICO) is

firing a fifth of its staff because most member states have failed to pay their contributions, a Saudi Arabian newspaper has reported. The Saudi Gazette said the ICO, a pan-Islamic organisation based in Jeddah, is firing 26 out of 130 employees, ranging from a director to a gardener.

## Moi refuses to head drunken nation

NAIROBI (R) - Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi has banned the drinking and brewing of traditional beer, declaring he did not want to rule a nation of drunkards. Kenya already bans traditionally-distilled spirits and has tried to control sales of traditional beer. which is brewed from a variety of grains, although both are still easy to buy. "I am not prepared to lead a drunken nation at any cost," Moi told a political rally in the western Kenya town of

### AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

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ı	Sunday, June 11, 1989 Swiss franc 326.2 Central Bank official rates French franc 23.7	
	Japanese yen (for 100) 388.8	84 393.
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INGLEWOOD, California (AP) - Magic Johnson says his strained hamstring will not prevent him from playing Sunday's third game of the National Baskethall Association finals unless the injury threatens his career.

"If I'm going to go out there and hurt the team, then I don't want to be out there," the Los Angeles Lakers star guard said.
"But if I can play well enough to help them, I will."

Johnson, who was injured in the third quarter of Thursday's loss to the Detroit Pistons, said if there was danger of "hurting my-self for next year, I wouldn't go out there."

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Johnson and Byron Scott both have left hamstring injuries and the Lakers trail 2-0 in the best-of-7 series, with the next three games scheduled for the forum at Inglewood

Team physician Dr. Robert Kerlan said Scott's injury is more

Until I found out whether Earvin can play - and from the information I've received, he's doubtful - I have to move forward and prepare to play without him," coach Pat Riley said of

.If neither Johnson nor Scott can play, Riley must decide whether to start Michael Cooper and Tony Campbell in the backcourt or move forward James



Looking on: Magic Johnson eyes a loose ball in a recent match with the Supersonics... but he declared he was ready to play unless his

# Magic Johnson to brave injury

Worthy to guard and put Orlando said. Woolridge into the lineup. "There are a lot of alternaoves.

The smaller lineup would help the Lakers control Isiah Thomas.

I could go big or small," Riley Joe Dumars and Vinnie Johnson.

# American makes tennis history

# Chang beats Edberg to win French Open crown

space to prepare his shots.

Chang but blew them all.

PARIS (AP) - Making tennis history, Michael Chang became the youngest man to win a Grand Slam tournament Sunday, outlasting Stefan Edberg 6-1, 3-6, 4-6, 6-4, 6-2 for the French Open title.

Chang, at 17 years and three months, also was the first American to win the men's event at the famed clay-court championships since Tony Trabert in 1955.

After a 3-hour, 41-minute battle on centre court at Roland Garros. Edberg netted a weak forehand to give Chang the title and a place in the annals of sport. After the most memorable two

weeks of his career, Chang threw his arms in the air and smiled broadly as he turned to face his family sitting in the stands. Reading from a slip of paper, Chang told the crowd: "This is not a victory speech. Just a few guidelines as to what I would say

after the match.' He thanked his family and friends for their support and for providing him with a kitchen "so could enjoy my mom's cooking"

He also thanked his coach, Jose Higueras, and ended praising God.

Last of all, I have to thank the Lord Jesus Christ," Chang said. Without him, I am nothing." As a section of the crowd booed, the new champion ended by saying: "God hless every-

body. Sweden's Mats Wilander, at the age of 17 years and nine months, won the French Open in

After stunning Edberg with a flurry of hrilliant passing shots and service returns to take the opening set in 32 minutes, the match seemed to be slipping away from Chang.

Edberg, the Wimbledon champion and two-time Australian Open otlist, looked on the way to adding his first French Otle to that

list as he got his serve-and-volley

When Chang saved another break point in the first game of the final set, Edberg appeared as

win the otle.

the set 6-4.

the American. The Swede's volleys, so accurate at mid-match, were now hit-

if he could no longer keep up with

ting the bottom of the net or going wide and Cbang broke through for 3-1 with a lob that game together on the slow red clay and began to wear down the Edberg tied the match, then moved ahead by two sets to one

Edberg couldn't reach. Another two break points for as he seized the inidadve and Edberg came and went in the next game as the Swede made gave Chang less and less time and

two unforced errors. They were The match hinged on the fourth set when Edberg had a to cost him dearly. Chang moved up 5-2, then to double-match point as Edberg served at 15-40. stream of chances to finish off

The 17-year-old, who rallied to The American only need one chance as Edberg's half-hit fore-hand struck the middle of the net. upset top seed and world No. 1 Ivan Lendl in the fourth round, Edberg said the break-points he missed had cost him the refused to huckle in his quest to become the sixth American to

In the third game of the fourth "That's where the match slipset, Chang saved four break points. He saved five more in the ped away from me," he said. "I was a hit negative on those points. Maybe I should have gone seventh game and another in the ninth, then broke Edberg to win for it, and he got a hit lucky.

> The centre court at Roland Garros was filled to its 14,500 capacity on a partly sunny after-

> Both Chang, the 15th seed, and the third-seeded Edberg were playing in their first French Open

Since 1955, only five other Americans had reached the final, but all were beaten including John McEuroe in 1984. All told, five other Americans have won the men's title: "Don Budge, Don McNeill, Frank Parker,

Budge Patty and Trabert. Chang ousted top seed and world No. 1 Ivan Lendl in the fourth round in one of the most

dramatic matches seen on the centre court at Roland Garros. Wracked by leg cramps in the fifth set, Chang managed to rally from two sets down to beat Lendl. He followed up that vic-tory hy beating Ronald Agenor and Andrei Chesnokov, both in four sets, to reach Sunday's final.

Edberg, the Wimhledon cham-pion and two-time Australian otlist, put out No. 2 seed Boris Becker in the semifinals in the five sets. He led Chang 2-1 in head-to-head matches going into Sunday's final hut Chang won their most recent encouoter 6-3, 6-2 at Indian Wells.

Chang won \$291,752 for victory, and Edherg took home \$145,876.

# Dubai to host world snooker

DUBAL United Arah Emirates (AP).— Dubai will be the first Arab state to host a world championship snooker event when the

BY CHARLES GOREN

Both vulnerable. South deals.

♥ Q J 9 8 2

0 83

# K 10 2

North East

NORTH

O KJ7

# A54

SOUTH

**4 K32** ∇ A 6

# Q87

Opening lead: Three of 4

West

Pass

O A 10 9 6 4

Pass 1 4 Pass Pass 3 NT Pass

Don't discuss suit combinations

in isolation. The right play in a par-

ticular suit could be the wrong ac-

tion if you take the whole hand into

consideration. Take this hand, for

South showed a balanced hand of

fewer than 16 points and, with no 4-

4 fit in spades, North simply made

West led a low club and declarer.

impressed by the fact that he could

ensure two tricks in the suit, fol-

The auction was routine. When

The bidding:

the value bid.

4 A Q 6 5

GOREN BRIDGE

AVOID THE DANGER

contract.

for down two.

The event, sponsored by the Duhai dnty free and the Emirates airline, will see 32 of the world's Dnbai classic will be held Oct. top snooker players in action at

lowed low from the board. East

touk the king and, had he routinely

continued with a club, declarer

would have coasted home. Howev-

er. East shifted to a heart at trick

two, and suddenly declarer found

that he had to guess the location of

the queen of diamonds for his

Perhaps it was only fitting that he

needs only four diamond tricks to

ger home. Therefore, he can afford

to make an avoidance play to keep East off lead. Since South's queen

of clubs is safe from attack as loog

as West is on lead, declarer should

cash the king of diamonds at trick

West can take his queen, but he

cannot harm declarer. Whatever he

return, declarer wins and cashes

out his tricks. When the spades di-

vide evenly, he makes a well-de-

two and then run the jack.

served overtrick.

The 200,000 pounds sterling (\$314,600) championship, a part of the world ranking circuit, offers a top prize of 40,000 pounds (\$62,920).

However, the desert classic, will be short of glamor stars like Steve Davis, the reigning world champion, and Neal Foulds who will not be taking part. They belong to the matchroom stable of Barry Hearn.

# Johnson testifies today

son's fall from Olympic grace because of a positive steroid test gets its dramaoc resolution Monday when the sprinter gives his account at last.

Canadian inquiry into drugs and sports will be the first time he discusses fully the events leading up to the loss of his gold medal just three days after he ran the world's fastest 100 metres last Sept. 24.

In the past three, and a half

versions of Johnson's regular use of anabolic steroids starting in 1981 and continuing to within weeks of the 1988 Olympics at

Seoul, South Korea. But Johnson, 27, has yet to vary publicly from his only statement on steroid since his disgrace and the forfeit of the 9.79-second race that would have bested his own 1987 record by four seconds.

"I trained for 13 years for the Olympics to watch my hard work disappear in a second," he said at a chaotic October news conference in Toronto. "I have never ever knowingly takeo illegal drugs, and I would never emharrass my family, my friends, my country and the kids who love

His lawyer, Ed Futerman, in cross-examinations of witnesses

Jaguar leads Le

man of limited education and limited ability to understand the implications of steroid use.

The lawyer asked Johnson's only coach, Charlie Francis, and Dr. Jamie Astaphan during their appearances if they had trusting relationships with the athlete at times resembling father and son. Both replied that they did.

The athlete was a shy, skinny 15-year-old recently arrived from Jamaica when he began training with Francis in 1977. According to Francis' testimony, Johnson made the conscious and informed decision four years later to try steroids with the coach's advice and consent.

As Francis told it, steroid use is pervasive at the top levels of international competition.

#### appearing before the inquiry, portrayed Johnson as a young TORONTO (AP) — Ben Johncoach, doctor and fellow athletes have told their often stunning

Johnson's testimony before the

months of the hearings, his

# FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JUNE 12, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE by Thomas Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Unexpected confusion complicates Morning confusion exists when efforts.

everyone wants their own way. An SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 211 Inobjective and rational approach will tuitive ideas come from an restore order. In the midst of this unknown source when you least expected to the confusion of the confusion o

restore order. In the midst of this commotion, good ideas can emerge, a RRIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You may be feeling less at ease than ouring the last few days. Your low geared energy is a strong force to reckon with. Be gentle and caring.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) business.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Your spiritual life has become when the wheels of fate need to be reconsted. should misguess. As a result, the defenders collected four heart tricks, one diamond and one club In light of the heart threat, declarer should rise with the ace of clubs on the first trick. With five tricks in the other suits, declarer

rerouted. quiet time would help to renew your GEMINI (May 21 to June 211 mystical and religious devotions. Communications improve with AQUARIUS (Ian. 21 to Feb. 19)
Mercury entering your sign. High Your upbeat and provocative mood spirited energy and opportunity are can be the spark that ignites others available.

available.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21] You rould lose if you spend money on someone's wild acheme.
You may be vulnerable to the whims of others.

Into section, Social invitations may be rejected.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Focus on problem solving and bringing forth intuitive ideas. Your clever and quick-witted mind works that week lead in least. whims of others.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Try to arrange for time off. This is e favorable time to explore self-improvement possibilities and to

improvement possibilities and to immate with the commitments.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The social rapport. Your child will be work scene is favorable for implementing magnetic, new ideas making commitments. Develop that can make your desires come talents et an early age.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

Although you are charged with compel," What you make of your restless energy, keep a low profile. if is largely up to youl © 1989, McNaught Synd. Mans at half-way Jaguar driven hy Jao Lammers of the Netherlands, Patrick Tamhay of France and Andrew Gilbert-Scott of Britain held onto first

place Sunday, midway through the Le Mans 24 bours endurance race. Jaguars and Mercedes split the first four places 12 hours and

1,600 miles (2,575 kilometres) into the race.

Tambay, a former Formula One driver, started the second half of the race with a lead of about 12 miles over the Mercedes team of Italians Mauro Baldi and Gianfranco Brancatelli and Bri-

LE MANS, France (AP) - The ton Ken Acheson. Tambay's team had done 195 laps.

Another Mercedes, driven by West Germans Joacheo Mass and Martin Reuter and Swedeo's Stanley Dickens, was third. Both Mercedes were more than a lap behind the lead on the 8.41-mile (13.5-kilometre) circuit in the

French countryside. Johnny Nielsen of Denmark. Andy Wallace of Britain and Price Cohh of the United States were fourth, another lap back, in

a Jaguar. Hans Stuck of West Germany and Frenchman Rob Wollek were

fifth in a pink Porsche.

#### SPORTS IN BRIEF

EGYPT, KENYA PLAY GOALLESS GAME: Egyptian Pharaos and Kenyan Harambee stars played to a 0-0 draw in the Africa group B World Cup qulifying match in Nairobi Saturday. Although the Kenyans dominated the match, forcing six corner kicks in the second half, they lacked the punch for a single goal. The draw gives Egypt four points from three matches while Kenya have three points from a similar number of matches played. Egypt and Kenya play the return match in Cairo Aug. 28. The other in group are Liberia and Malawi. The group B overall winner will later this year play against winners of group A, group C, and D, to determine the two teams to represent Africa in the World Cup in Italy next year. (AP)

SPANISH ROYALTY, PRESS PRAISE SANCHEZ: Spain's royal family and news media in Madrid praised 17-year-old Spanish tennis player Arantxa Sanchez Sunday for her defeat of top-ranked Steffi Graf in the final match of the French open. Arantxa defeated the West Grman tennis star in three sets, 7-6, 3-6, 7-5 to win the Roland Garros French Open tournament Saturday, Spain's King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia sent Arantxa Sanchez a warm. congratulatory telegram minutes after her victory, "With the greatest enthusiasm we seed our most cordial congratulations for the sensational victory you have won at Roland Garros, which honours Spanish sports and fills all Spaniards with great joy. A warm embrace from this entire (royal) family." "How great Arantxa is" the Madrid sports daily Marca wrote, and it added: "the Spaniard dominated without difficulty the German player who ended up loosing." (AP)

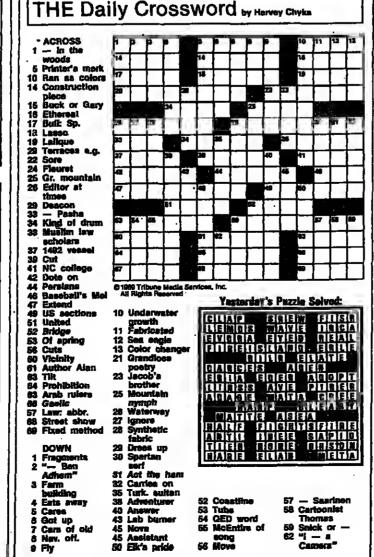
CHAMPIONS MUNICH UPSET BY RELEGATION CANDIDATES: Lowly Nuremberg upset oewly-crowned league champions Bayern Munich 2-1 in a West Grman First Divisioo soccer match at Munich Saturday. Bayern trainer Jnpp Heynckes had promised the team after they had been guaranteed the title last Tuesday that they could train as they liked for the rest of the season as long as they beat fellow-Bavarians Nuremberg, But goals from Reioer Wirsching and Souleyman Sane in the 33rd and 42nd minutes piloted Nuremberg towards their first victory over Bayern for 10 years. Joternational defeoder Klaus Augenthaler headed the only goal for the champions immediately before the

YUH RETAINS TITLE FOR 12TH TIME: South Korean Yul Myung-Woo beat Argentina's Mario Demarco to retain his World Boxing Association (WBA) junior flyweight championship with a unanimous points win in Seoul Sunday. It was Yuh's 12th successful otle defence. In 1986, Demarco also lost on points to Yuh who had the edge in skill and speed in Sunday's 12-round fight in Chonan. Yuh, who took the otle from Joey Olivo of the United States in 1985, is now unbeaten in 31 fights. Demarco won the first round but the 26-year-old champion went on the offensive from then on, piling op points with a series of crisp jabs and left-right combinations.

# THE BETTER HALF By Harris HAPRIS

"I don't think I'm too critical of others. But if I am, it's

### YOUR fault!" JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee by Henri Arnold and Bob Les Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. NVESTMENTS **EUQER** NAFTI **GIBNEN** HE THINKS HE'S GOING PLACES WHEN HE'S REALLY THIS, **TARNEK** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Jumbles: DECAY LIGHT CALMLY BAKERY What there was plenty of efter the post office caught fire-"BLACK MAIL"



# **Peanuts** I KNOW I'M NOT SUPPOSED TO BE HERE, MARCIE, BUT I KEPT THINKING ABOUT YOU AND CHUCK UP HERE TOGETHER, AND IT WAS DRIVING ME CRAZY!





Dear Fat Broad ADVICE



ASK WOM FOR HIS OLD TEDDY BEAR SO HE WON'T HAVE TO SLEEP ALONE

BY JOHNNY HART



### **Andy Capp**









# Uzbek violence ebbs; 100 dead

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Unrest in the Soviet Central Asian Republic of Uzbekistan has been brought under control, but at least 100 people have died in a week of clashes pitting Uzbeks against minority Meskhetians, newspapers said Sunday.

The Communist Party news- Josef Stalin in 1944 paper Pravda said the estimated 7,000 special troops sent to the Fergana valley, southeast of the Uzbek capital Tashkent, had restored order.

"During the past 24 hours, the situation has mainly stabilised and is being controlled in the region's cities and districts by police and interior ministry troops units." the daily said, quoting the commander of troops in Fergana district.

The army newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda reported that about 100 people died in the first new days of the disturbances, in which Uzbeks hunted down and killed Meskhetians — Turkified Georgians deported to Central Asia hy

It said about 1,000 people had been injured and 650 homes destroyed. More than 11,000 Meskhetians - two-thirds of the total living in the area - had been placed in refugee camps.
Telephone links between Mos-

cow and the region were not functioning Sunday and foreign correspondents were barred from the area. News reports Saturday had said

that the military had airlifted several hundred Meskhetians out of Uzbekistan.

Reports also said that the unrest, the worst in several decades in the Soviet Union, was threatening to spil over into the neighbouring Republic of Tajikistan and had gone beyond ethnic clashes, giving way to more general rioting.

Krasnaya Zvezda repeated suggestions that the unrest was being orchestrated by groups who felt threatened by reforms in Soviet society. It quoted a military officer as saying "leaders with vested interests" were behind the vio-

Soviet Television news Saturday said 11 people had been killed in the latest clashes in Kokand near the town of Fer-

It said rioters had carried green Islamic flags and issued several demands, including resettlement of the Meskhetians, closure of a chemical complex in the town and an increase in the price of cotton, Uzbekistan's main industry.

Earlier reports had said about 100 people suffered gunshot wounds in Kokand Friday in a rampage by 5,000 people armed with automatic rifles and pistols.



Soviet interior ministry troops line up suspected extremists in Fergana, Soviet Uzbekistan, after mobs of Uzbeks went on a rampage against Meskhetian Turks in a weekend of ethnic violence. Seized

# Honecker welcomes **Bush arms proposal**

German President Erich Honecker welcomes a U.S. plan to cut conventional arms in Europe as a step towards the Warsaw Pact position on disarmament, according to a published report Sunday.

The Washington Post also quoted Honecker in its Sunday edition as confirming that East German border guards bad been ordered not to use deadly force to stop civilians who attempt to flee into West Germany unless the soldiers are threatened them-

In a two-hour interview conducted last Wednesday in East Berlin, the Post quoted the in-fluential Warsaw Pact leader as saying President George Bush's proposal for North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) and Warsaw Pact nations to cut conventional arms is "close to our striving for radical conventional disarmament.' Questioned on Bush's call to

"lock in" reductions in tanks, artillery, armed personnel carriers and other non-nuclear forces

WASHINGTON (AP) - East in Vienna during a 23-nation negotiation on conventional forces in Europe, the paper

As to nuclear arms, he was quoted as saying, "we are in favour of the step-by-step elimination of tactical nuclear weapons in Europe. Of course we know that this can't be done in one stroke" and raised the possibility that each side might decide to "keep, say, 10" weapons.

said, "Sometimes surprises even He rejected Bush's call for the Berlin Wall to be torn down, but said bis government wants "to bumanise the border regime" as

quoted Honecker as replying: "We are interested in having

those proposals included in the negotiations, so that we can identify where the Warsaw Treaty states concur (with NATO) and those areas where more intensive negotiations are needed."

"One has to enter negotiations and see what progress can be

achieved," the communist leader

Erich Honecker

the United States. Honecker said East German border guards are authorised to shoot people trying to flee the country only if the guards are in physical danger of if a soldier or other uniformed person is trying

He did not say when the restrictions took effect, but Western officials bave said the policy apparently was adopted as a goodwill gesture prior to Honecker's visit to West Germany in

# Jaruzelski says Thatcher talks major step for Poland

LONDON (R) — Poland's leader, General Wojciech Jaruzelski, said Sunday his talks with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher marked a major step in Poland's efforts to strengthen ties with the West.

In an interview with Reuters, Jaruzelski also said he believed his Communist Party was strong enough to regain support despite defeats in last week's historic partly-free elections.

The general, paying the first visit by a Polish leader to Britain since World War II, said Thatcher had vowed to lead Western support for Poland in solving its mounting foreign debt problem and reviving its economy.

"A very serious step forward has been made," be said. "What I think particularly valuable (is that) she has pledged to support our position with the European Community and generally among other countries of the West," he

(measures) related to a broader opening of the West to Polish concerns," be said through an interpreter.

Jaruzelski held almost four hours of talks with Thatcher at her Chequers country mansion Saturday, launching a campaign for Western financial backing for his reform policies. In the next two months he meets U.S. President George Bush, West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl and French President François Mitterrand.

A government spokesman said Thatcher proposed five aid measures, including support in negotiations with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and with the 18-nation Paris Club of creditor nations. She also announced creation of a fund to train Polisb managers and help establishing a

market economy.

The Communist Party suffered crushing defeats at the hands of the relegalised Solidarity move-"This means we can count not ment in the most liberal elections just on a Britisb-Polisb action but ever in the Soviet bloc. Many

leading government officials failed to win a parliamentary seat, though electoral law guaranteed that the communist-led coalition retained power. . Jaruzelski, under pressure to

prove he wields the authority needed to push through unpopular austerity policies, said he believed his party could-fight its way Asked if be believed the Com-

munist Party, which has ruled

Poland for the last 42 years, would surrender power if it were defeated in fully-free elections expected in 1993, he replied: "Anything is possible in the

world," but added: "It would be on my part inconceivable for me to declare its capitulation."

"I do believe that my party is capable of strengthening its position and improving its style of work to continue to occupy a ranking position on the Polish political map. I don't want to include in my calculations at all the possibility that the party could lose," be said.

# COLUMNS 768

#### Police stumble on to free-call scam

WEST ISLIP, New York (AP) — New York telephone has finally caught up with two dozen "pay" telephones that were operating free of charge and letting those in the know call friends and relatives all over the world. Police alerted the phone company after a man who lived 80 kilometres away was wounded at the rest stop where the phones were located in a bold-up attempt. When police asked the victim, Waseem Moosa of New York City, what he was doing so far from home at 1:30 a.m. Wednesday, he admitted he had driven the distance to make a phone call to Pakistan. Sceptical officers returned to the area to look for witnesses to the robbery, and discovered 15 Pakistani men using the phones. Police then notified the phone company, which reprogrammed the phones. Phone officials could not say how many calls were made from the free phones or how much they were worth.

#### Royalty, fortress and kingdom saved

LONDON (R) — The first raven to be hatched at the Tower of London in more than 300 years made its public debut Friday. allowing superstitious Britons to relax at last. Legend has it that it the ravens leave the fortified tower, the British kingdom will be destroyed. "Now we have the knack of breeding them here," said John Wilmington, keeper of the queen's ravens, "royalty, the fortress and England are safe." Ravens have always lived at the tower, London's historin prison for traitors where the crown jewels are now on display. During the 17th century, King Charles II decided to get rid of the birds, but according to folklore he was warned to keep some of them to safeguard the kingdom. The chick, born six weeks ago but shielded from the imelight until Friday, joins the tower's complement of eight ravens, all of them brought

#### Romans want night-time barrier

ROME (R) - Romans living near the Spanish Steps want to build a barrier to seal the majestic white staircase at night from muggers, vandals, prostitutes and drug addicts. Residents near the steps, a haven for thousands of tourists each day, told journalists they would be willing to put up 800 million lire (\$600,000) to restore the steps if they can be assured some night-time peace and quiet in return. "It's become impossible to live here and at night anything goes," said one woman whose windows looking on the steps are frequently broken by flying bottles or flower pots. Beneath the 17th century staircase, named after the nearby Spanish embassy to the Holy See, lies the most affluent area of the city, dotted with designer bontiques and choice property. But the steps are strewn with graffiti and rubbish and are notorious for bagsnatching and harassment, especially of women.

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#### Tanks on sale at bargain prices

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet army, seeing new civilian uses for old T-55 tanks and other vehicles, is selling off outdated military hardware at discount prices, a Soviet weekly reported Friday. \*Converted military hardware can be used as tow tractors, cranes with high cross-country capacity and fire engines, as well as for hammering piles and logging in mountainous areas," V. Romanov, of the main armoured forces department, said in an interview in the weekly Argumenti I Fakti. "At the request of the Western-Siberian Railway management we have assigned several tanks to work at the railway and a few tanks were given to the Russian Federation's road ministry," he added. Romanov said another 100 tanks, which are generally being sold off at one third of the new price, bad been banded over to military-patriotic clubs and associations to improve training for young men for army service. However, it appeared unlikely the machines would go sale to private motorists, who currently face a long wait if they want to buy a Lada, Moskvich or other car.

### 'Love the wife, but don't beat her'. ...

HARARE (R) - A Zimbabwean senator who defended wifebeatn of love has deen told by do it or be will be breaking the law. Justice Minister Emmerson Mnangagwa, outlining in the senate a legal reform which will bear corporal punishment of adults, said a man who whipped or beat his wife could be taken to court. "But in our culture beating one's wife is a sign of love," meant only to teach her a lesson." Senator S. Marwodzi objected. Mnangawa said he was appalled by the senator's remark and added: "It is absolutely prohibited by law and is ground for divorce not love. So, if comrade senator you have done it, don't do it again." Whipping of adults, previously a legal punishment imposed by courts, was stopped last year when the supreme court ruled it unconstitutional.

### Ding-Dong battle with politicians

TRIESTE, Italy (R) — Italian politicians are angry at a priest who drowns out their speeches at village-square railies by ringing his church bells. "This has been going on for six years. He should realise he is a shepherd of souls, not a political agitator," local councillor Fulvio Sluga said, according to Corriere Della Sera newspaper. He compared Roman Catholic Father Mario Zivic to Don Camillo, the fictional priest whose battles with a communist mayor were the basis for popular comic novels by Italian author Giovanni Guareschi. Sluga, a member of the neo-fascist MSI party in Basovizza near the Yugoslav border, said he had reported Zivic to the police for alleged violation of electoral laws. Zivic, whose congregation is mainly ethnic Slovenians, was unrepentant. "One of my tasks is to ring the bells 15 minutes before mass to summon the faithful. I do it every day at 6.45 p.m. It's not my fault if the MSI bold their rallies at the same time," Zivic, 70, said.

### Corpse of celebrated fugitive returns home

MARSEILLE, France (R) — The body of one of France's most celebrated villains, fugitive bank-robber Albert Spaggiari, has turned up on his mother's doorstep 12 years after he first went on the run. Juliette Clement said two unidentified men left the body of her soo, who had apparently died of cancer, on her doorstep early Saturday. Spaggiari had a reputation of a gentleman thief, a kind of villain that has a special place in the French popular imagination. He cleaned out a safety-deposit bank via the sewers of Nice in the summer of 1976. He later escaped custory by jumping out of a courtroom window onto a motorbike. Police sources said they believed Spaggiari had been living in Italy.

## Tanzanian chimpanzees face extinction

DAR ES SALAAM (R) - Tanzania's chimpanzees, prey to poachers who capture and snuggle them abroad for sale as exotic pets, could be wiped out in the next few years, the country's wildlife department says. Wildlife director Costa Mlay said that Tanzania's chimpanzee population had been halved over the past 15 years to just 2,000. In a report released this week, he said poachers set out to capture young chimpanzees but many adults were killed when they tried to prevent the capture of their offspring. Mlay said tighter controls on international trade in wild animals were needed to protect the remaining chimpanzees.

Global weather

### part of generally improving rela-tions with Western Europe and Two Chinese diplomats denounce Peking carnage, defect a vice-consul, were then taken announced in Chinese and En-mediately after the massacre in the rany, where a targe

consulate diplomats announced during a vigil for students slain ia Peking that they can no longer support their government and said they were de-

recting.
"We are supposed to tell you that no one was injured or killed. Why? Because we are diplnmats. But we won't fake at here," one of the men told 5,000 people gathered in front

of city hall Saturday night. "Before we are diplomats, we are Chinese and we are human beings."

The Federal Burean of Investigations (FBI) confirmed the asylum request hut did not re-

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) - lease their names. Rally orga-Chinese business cards, identified them as Zhou Li-Ming and Chang Li-Mun, but said they were unsure of the proper English spellings.

The announcement amazed and delighted the crowd, which had gatchred to protest the ese army's massacre of possibly thnusands of prodemocracy demonstrators in Peking's central Tianaumen Square June 3. Chinese authorities have begun arresting hundreds of workers and students they accuse of organising the movement and three-week occupation of the square.

They had called the FBI before the rally, said K.K. Woo, one of the raffy organisers. An FBI spokesman can-

their intention to seek politial asylum in the United States. The two are under FBI protection at an undisclosed location and their case is being referred to the U.S. Immigration and Naturalisation Service, which handles such requests, the spokesman said.

A spokesman at the Chinese consulate said he had not heard

about the men's statements and had no information.

ly Asian crowd, including some crying and many wearing black arm bands, carried candles and makeshift banners reading firmed that the two announced "Their blood, our tears."

The crowd cheerd when the announcement was made, Woo

"I just didn't know how to express my emotions. I hope more diplomats will open their eyes and realise the communist government is a brutal government," said Woo, producer of a local Chinese radio show called Chinese Today.

One of the diplomats, who was not identified, told a local television station he decided imhis government. "We ... want to encourage

the students and all the people who love freedom. We want to support them," he told station KTVU of Oakland. "I think their (government) victory is only temporary. The people will

KTVU and San Francisco television station KRON said one of the men was a vice consul. KTVU said the nther was either the consulate'a information officer or cultural

The FBI would not release the men's names or any information about them.

#### The defections were The two men, one reportedly Singapore expels illegal aliens unpunished

By Kenneth L. Whiting The Associated Press

SINGAPORE - More than 11,500 foreigners working illegally in affluent Singapore have returned to their homes in Thailand, India, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and the Philippines fearing harsh new immigration

On Saturday, an official grace period expired that had given emhassies and high commissions of the five countries extra time to ferry out their citizens who had been caught working without permission in Singapore, which has one of Asia's most robust economies.

The last group of \$1 Filipino men and eight women flew home Saturday on a Philippines air force C-130. Most had entered Singapore on tourist visas and had taken construction jobs. The grace period sparred them punishment.

"The Philippines was the last country to request a grace period to repatriate unpunished their nationals who have committed immigration offenses here," Ho Bak Khee, deputy controller of immigration, was quoted by the Sunday Times. "No other foreign mission has approached us," Ho said.

The crackdown on foreign workers who overstay legitimale was or come to Singapere with take papers is related to a tevised immigration law that metes out at least three lashes and three months behind bars to foreigners who overstay by more than 90 days or who



enter the country illegally. Passed by parliament last Novem-

ber, it took effect April 1. Flogging under medical supervision is done with a hamboo cane called a rotan. It is mandatory for such crimes as attempted murder, robbery, rane when a woman is injured or put in tear of harm, drug trafficking, vandalism and,

now, working illegally. The punishment is optional in cases of extortion, kidnapping and voluntarily causing grievious injury. Women, those sentenced to death and men older than 50 are not beaten. Repatriation followed an is-

land-wide blitz of about 100 raids per month on construction projects and other job sites in the first four months of the year. Some 1.700 suspects were rounded up.

Thailand was the first to ask

for a grace period to allow for

the hasty repatriation of 9,842

workers in Thai navy ships,

special trains and buses: The

expulsions briefly soured relations between Bangkok and

Singapore.
Diplomats in the high commissions of India, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka sent home 1,585. 30 and 24 of their nationals respectively.

Nine Indian men who overstayed their social visit passes by more than 90 days were the first to be charged under the amended law. They were sentenced to three lashes and jail terms of from three to eight

months. They are appealing the sentences.

"We are not against people coming to Singapore to earn their living. But they must do so lawfully," Lee Boon Yang of the Home Affairs Ministry told parliament.

Several Labour contractors accused of bringing in fore-igners to work illegally for what is often sub-standard pay are also being prosecuted. Illegal workers toil at menial

jobs for 10 to 20 Singapore dollars (U.S.\$5.15 to U.S. \$10.31) a day. Singaporeans would demand three times as much.

The labour market is tight, particularly in construction, shipyards and other heavy industries. Such work is shunned by affluent Singaporeans who enjoy the highest standard of living in Asia after the Japanese. The work force is 1.2 million from a total population of 2.6 million.

The authorities do not want their booming economy hurt by insufficient labour. But they are equally determined not to let the country depend indefinitely on foreign workers who are not highly-skilled.

About 150,000 foreigners from Malaysia, Thailand, South Korea, the Philippines, Sri Lanka, India, Bangladesb, China. Hong Kong, Taiwan, Indonesia and Macau hold shortterm work permits, most of them valid for two years.

Domestic servants from the Philippines comprise about 40 per cent of the foreign work

# **Budapest**, opposition agree to negotiate reforms

BUDAPEST (AP) - Hungary's ruling Communist Party and independent opposition groups have agreed to hold negotiations on making the transition to a multi-party system and free elec-

"This offers the hope of a way out of the deadend Hungarian society is in, and the hope that we may arrive at free elections which will open the way to a new democratic Hungary," said Peter Toelgyessy, representing the opposition groups.

The negotiations are to begin June 13 and are to be televised live from Hungary's sprawling parliament building.

The agreement, which was signed by representatives of 17 groups that are to take part in the forum, ended months of negotiations between the party and the opposition on the content and structure of round table talks.

Gyoergy Fejti, secretary of the ruling Communist Hungarian Socialist Workers Party, called the agreement "an important milestone." "The talks are aimed solely at a

peaceful transition to free elec-

tions which will then reveal the

strength of the various parties," Toelgyessy said at the joint news conference. Parliamentary elec-tions are due by mid-1990. The negotiations are to be three-sided, with nine of the chief independent opposition groups

representing a united front in what they call the opposition The Communist Party will be alone on its side of the table and a series of Communist-affiliated, left-wing groups form the third party to the negotiations.

The eight-page agreement on the start of the talks said this last group was agreed to by the opposition "as a compromise." Opposition members said this was dictated by national interest.

However, Magda Kovacs Kosa, who represented this third negotiating partner at Saturday's news conference, said the groups included official trade unions, the successor group to the former League of Young Communists and the left-wing Alternative Group, each of which had contributions to make.

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